

145 U. S. MEN AND 65 OTHERS LOST WHEN U-BOAT TORPEDOES TRANSPORT TUSCANIA IN THE DANGER ZONE

By Robert J. Bender

Washington, Feb. 7.—German submarine sea attacks on the transport liner Tuscania resulted in a loss of 145 officers and men—and 65 others, according to official and unofficial reports compiled from war zone reports. The total number of missing from the survivors of the u-boat attack is 210 with 2,187 saved.

As the casualty list dwindled during the early morning hours hope was held out that later reports would increase the number of those rescued.

The shock of the disaster made a mark on official Washington today. Secretary of War Baker issued a statement to comfort "those whose sons and brothers have been added to the nation's heroic dead". Meantime the war government and members of Congress are relentless in their measure to repay Germany for her selfish lust for America's men.

"We must and we will win this war," Secretary Baker declared. This sentiment was expressed by every member of Congress and every other government official. Leading Senators called upon leading citizens of the United States for redoubled efforts to defeat Germany.

"Although a terrible blow, it was a calamity which might be expected during the course of the war," said Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee. "My sympathy goes out to the parents of the splendid American boys who were going to France to fight for liberty for the world."

"We must take this as part of the grim business of war," declared Senator Penrose, of the Senate Naval affairs committee. "It should impress us with the necessity of speeding up our building of airplanes and other means to fight the u-boats. It was a staggering blow but it should be no reason for us to lose hope; it should spur us on."

Navy officials declare revenge is certain.

London, Feb. 7.—The Mayor of Belfast, Ireland, wired Ambassador Page today that every comfort has been given the Tuscania survivors and that the Red Cross had gone to the aid backed "by limited funds".

New York, Feb. 7.—The Tuscania was the last of the Anchor Line's famous transport steamers. All have been submarined. The Transylvania, the sister ship of the Tuscania, was torpedoed while transporting allied troops in the Mediterranean. The Cameronia, California and Caldonia were all victims of u-boats. The Tuscania, which was chartered by the Cunard line in 1915, had several narrow escapes at sea. On one occasion a u-boat was within 20 feet of her.

London, Feb. 7.—The transport Tuscania floated for several hours after she was torpedoed in Irish waters on Tuesday, it was learned today. It was stated that "Americans aboard other vessels witnessed the torpedoing". The fact that the Tuscania was afloat for several hours after the attack is believed to account for the large number of lives saved. Referring to Americans aboard other vessels who witnessed the torpedoing may indicate that the Tuscania was convoyed by American war ships or was one of a convoy of American transports.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Hope and belief that the loss of life in the sinking of the Tuscania will be greatly reduced by later reports was expressed by Brigadier General McIntyre of the War Department today. The General said there were a great many ships in the vicinity of the sinking and that when they all report the American loss will be reduced to a minimum.

Washington, Feb. 7.—A brief message from Rear Admiral Sims early today declared that he believed the Tuscania was still afloat. He indicated that British or American destroyers accompanied her.

New York, Feb. 7.—United Press dispatches from London today indicated that the loss of life to the United States Army in the torpedoing will amount to 145 divided as follows: 43 officers and 102 men. The dispatches indicated that 119 officers and 2,037 men were aboard. The total officers saved were 76 and the total number of men saved was 1,935. In addition the United Press dispatches reported among those saved were 125 members of the crew, three passengers and 42 unassigned, making a total of 2,187 saved. The same dispatches gave the total of lost as 210, of which evidently 65 were not classified as soldiers.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Six hundred survivors of the transport Tuscania have been landed at Larne Island. War Department dispatches this morning announced. The names of 28 survivors landed at Islay also were forwarded. The 600 are believed to be a part of the 1,100 reported landed at Tuscibina and Larne in last night's War Department messages. This dispatch, however, made no mention of survivors being landed at Islay. A dispatch, the first reaching here since last night, declared that British hospital ships were being rushed to the scene of the disaster. British authorities declared that every possible assistance will be given the men. The War Department said that officers had been dispatched from Liverpool, Glasgow and London to render assistance. The American consul at Belfast reported 600 landed at Larne.

VERY FEW ALIEN GERMANS VISITED CHIEF OF POLICE

Chief of Police McHenry is not finding very many alien enemies to register thus far. He got two fellows from the Fourth ward and one from Morrisdale on Monday but has had a "water haul" everyday since. For some unexplainable reason, alien Austrians are not included in the registration.

Three Germans working at Stronach notified McHenry they were coming to Clearfield to register, but United States Marshal Howley, of Pittsburgh, in charge of the work in Western Pennsylvania informed the chief that they must be registered by their nearest postmaster in the absence of a chief of police in their home bailiwick and these men were notified to register with the Postmaster at Grampian.

Three Germans arrested at Curwensville on suspicion some time ago and confined in the jail were registered yesterday by Sheriff Gorman.

NOTICE

Effective Monday, February 11, the time of the Clearfield branch train No. 6404 will be changed to leave Tyrone at 4:15 p. m. and will be scheduled approximately 2 hours and 30 minutes in advance of its present time at all stations to Grampian.

SOLDIERS MUST ALL LEARN TO TWITTER

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—To win the war Uncle Sam's soldiers must be able to sing as well as they can fight. Such is the opinion expressed by the song leaders now working in the American training camps, and who have gathered in this city for a national conference. The conference sessions, which began today and will continue until the end of the week, are being conducted under the auspices of the Commissions on Training Camp Activities of the War and Navy Departments. The purposes of the conference, as stated, are "to exchange experiences, discuss standards, and secure official recognition of music as a military force."

AN EXPLANATORY WORD

On account of all the proceeds of the band concert going to the Red Cross we have waived our rules with regard to front page advertising.

Band Concert

Under The Auspices of

Clearfield Chapter American Red Cross Crescent Band of Curwensville

The Best Band In The Section

K. OF C. DANCE WAS VERY MUCH ENJOYED

The dance and euchre given by the Knights of Columbus in the ball room of the Dimeling last evening for the benefit of the K. of C. war fund was a most delightful social function.

The dance hall was filled to its capacity with a bevy of pretty girls tripping the light fantastic toe with their graceful partners to the excellent strains of Knights' Saxophone orchestra. While the gallery of the ball room was reserved for the euchre players there being twelve tables utilized. The ladies euchre prize which was a beautiful cut glass vase was won by Mrs. John McCormick and the gentlemen's prize a handsome silk umbrella was won by W. O. Moore.

At midnight light refreshments were served after which the dancing was resumed until one o'clock when all departed for their homes.

The whole affair was a decided success both socially and financially, a neat sum having been realized for the war fund.

NEW OFFICERS ELECTED

Women's Auxiliary recently held their election of officers and the following will serve this year.

President, Mrs. Allison O. Smith
1st Vice Pres. Mrs. A. H. Woodward
2nd Vice Pres. Mrs. R. D. Swoope
3rd Vice Pres. Mrs. J. W. Wrigley
4th Vice Pres. Mrs. S. J. Waterworth
5th Vice Pres. Miss Ella Goodfield
Recording secretary, Mrs. W. J. Swoope
Corresponding secretary, Mrs. H. B. Douglas

Mrs. Henry Caldwell and Mrs. Vern McDowell, of Grampian, spent yesterday with Mrs. J. M. McCracken at her home on West Fourth avenue.

High School Auditorium
Feb. 12
Admission 50c

MANY MEETINGS TO BE HELD TONIGHT

Postponed Patriotic week rallies will be held at Morrisdale, Munson, Allport and Hawk Run this week. On account of the bad weather the patriotic rallies at these towns scheduled for last week were postponed to this week. Tonight Rev. Durkee will speak at Hawk Run, John M. Bain at Allport and W. A. Hagerty at Munson. Tomorrow night a big rally is planned for Morrisdale where the addresses will be made by A. B. Chase and G. A. Stewart.

Pocket Billiard Match

Friday, February 8, at 8 P. M.
GEORGE MAKIN
The Expert Billiardist
vs.
EDDIE MCGOWAN
The Local Expert

Admission free. A collection will be taken to be devoted to the Billiard Players' Ambulance Fund

Edwards & Davis
Parlors
MARKET STREET

MR. BETTS SPOKE TO PROBLEMS CLUB

The Modern Problems club held a meeting Tuesday evening in the history room of the high school at which W. I. Betts was their speaker. The subject of Mr. Betts talk was the "Abolishment of Capital Punishment".

The reasons Mr. Betts gave for some people thinking the abolishment not a good thing were:

1. These criminals should be removed from society.
2. They are to be examples to others.
3. To avenge society.

As to the just statement of society should it not help them and not punish.

Then how can killing a man be an example. Do we not make the execution as secret as possible? Is there any loud advertisement of the fact when it happens? No, because as Mr. Betts told us it would be degrading to do so. To avenge society, should society be avenged? What right has man to take life when he cannot give it? Should not society try to correct and not to kill? You must remember that a criminal is human and can be corrected. Many men who after these corrections become good desirable citizens. The prisoners themselves have an attitude of contempt when a man is executed instead of being punished in an other way.

Then, too, we are not placing the punishment on the man but on his family if he has children these carry

this curse through life. The simple fact that their father was executed.

Then again Mr. Betts clearly pointed out by statistics that in 1917 there were 7450 murders committed and only 107 paid the penalty. This did not happen because the persons were not guilty but because it is next to impossible to get conviction when death is the penalty. Society is therefore harboring 7343 criminals who are unpunished today.

The states where capital punishment has been abolished do not have an increase of crimes.

With these facts and questions Mr. Betts left us to judge for ourselves. The club wishes to thank Mr. Betts for his kindness and assure him they receive a great amount of instruction and enjoyed his presence with them.

BOLSHEVIKI MAKES ULTIMATUM TO ENGLAND

Petrograd, Feb. 7.—The People's Commissary are reported to have issued an ultimatum to the British Embassy demanding recognition of M. Lutanoff, Bolsheviki ambassador accredited to London. If Great Britain continues in its refusal "stringent measures will be taken against British subjects," it was declared.

ITALIANS BRINGING DOWN PLANES

Rome, Feb. 7.—Fifty-six hostile airplanes have been downed between January 26 and February 6 it was announced today.

SPORT CHATTER

John McGraw is some strategist off the ball field as well as in the big yard. He beat the coal famine by Pinkie Mitchell, the Milwaukee amateur boxer who turned professional, has not startled the boxing world since joining the pros.

WANTED—Woman to do housework by the day. Call 288-2 and ask for Mrs. Davis

SALVATION ARMY A BIG FACTOR IN WAR WORK

Behind The Lines They Keep a Protective Eye On Soldiers Who Go Away From Camp

APPEALING FOR OUR SUPPORT

To meet honest inquiry and even skeptical criticism, The Salvation Army from its Atlantic Coast states headquarters at Philadelphia has issued the following statement:

Philadelphia, Pa., January 1918

With so many and diversified demands being made upon the patriot citizen these days, it is not surprising that inquiries are being made as to just why the Salvation Army, in such a trying hour, seeks to organize a war fund.

Until now, the popular conception in America of the Salvation Army and its work and sphere, has been limited to a somewhat indefinite knowledge of its protection and care of the poor. It has required a great war like the present one to enable us to reach that point in evolution, when the real extent of the Salvation Army's activities and power for good, might be widely heralded. Many people even today are unaware that we have colleges for officers with 1500 students therein; that we have 25,000 trained officers in 56 countries on this earth, working unselfishly day and night for the practical alleviation of human suffering; that we have 10,000 corps at work preaching honesty, cleanliness and faith in Christ; that we have industrial farms for turning convicts into useful citizens and making them assets instead of liabilities to the public; that we have maternity homes, social centers, and lodging houses run at cost, where tens of thousands of homeless men find clean and decent quarters every night. These are but a few of the facts.

The Salvation Army is performing the same work of mercy and serving the same elements for God and mankind in times of war, as in times of peace.

No one organization on earth can adequately serve the interests of all soldiers, sailors and prisoners.

When Europe was first plunged into war, the Salvation Army of England instantly established itself at the camps and behind the firing line, and has been there ever since, with its responsibilities mounting higher and higher as time has progressed. When America finally entered the war, The Salvation Army here, shirking no duty, entered with flag, the men and the nation.

The battle on the front line is terrible; the battle that rages behind those lines is scarcely less terrible. There, temptation, depravity, disease, despondency, hopelessness and despair are entrenched. There The Salvation Army is fighting the battle for a better morale.

The Salvation Army of England has placed 153 recreation comfort and refreshment huts at the front in Europe with the Allies. The Salvation Army of the United States has, since Uncle Sam declared war upon Germany, established 7 such huts for recreation, rest and refreshment, close to the lines in Flanders, and must put 47 more there at once to meet the existing need.

The Salvation Army is today maintaining at the front 77 hotels and naval and military homes, and is handling all told 100,000 men a week. Thousands are being turned away, because we are short of facilities.

Thirty-five ambulances manned and officered by Salvationists are in France and Russia today, while 12 ambulances have been sent over and presented to the government by The Salvation Army of the United States. There are 45,000 members of the Salvation Army under arms and fighting for the allies today and the number grows constantly.

There are over 700 Salvationists, men and women, devoting their lives to war work now at the trenches and in the camps sustaining morale and helping the men. Thousands upon thousands of our women are knitting constantly for the Red Cross.

The Salvation Army at home and abroad, has spent thus far one million

NO MORE POLICE UNTIL AFTER APRIL 1ST

Reports of Board of Health and Shade Tree Commission Heard By Council

FOUR COUNCILMEN ABSENT

Last night's session of the Town Council was attended by eight of the twelve councilmen. President Fletcher presided and many matters of interest to the taxpayers were discussed and disposed of.

Burgess Chase reported collections of \$68 in licenses and fines during January, his report showing that seven men had occupied the looking during the month, four of them having been arrested for being drunk and disorderly.

Tax Collector Jacobs reported collections of \$760.27 during January on 1916 and 1917 duplicates.

Treasurer Whitman reported a balance of \$22,337.18 in the treasury. This amount is divided among the different funds as follows:

General Borough Fund, \$2,550.00; Bond Fund, \$10,789.17; Light and Water fund \$4814.60; Firemen's Relief Fund, \$457.96; Special Improvement funds \$3561.84; Board of Health \$39.31; Shade Tree Commission, \$153.77.

Borough Solicitor Urey presented an ordinance providing for an increase of debt and an issue of bonds in the sum of Ten Thousand dollars as provided for by the special election held January 15th, 1918, to make available \$12,000 for the purchase of new apparatus. The ordinance was read to council and unanimously adopted Burgess Chase approving same for with.

Messrs. Loeffe, Stewart, Mr. S. D. Bailey of the Shade Tree Commission, were present and submitted work for the coming year. Mr. Loeffe presented the following report of last year's activities:

Council of Clearfield Borough Gentlemen: The Shade Tree Commission of the borough, herewith submit to your Honorable body, their report for the year 1917, as required by the General Act of Assembly and request an appropriation to continue the work of the Commission for the year 1918.

Amounts Received from Various Sources

Source	Amount
Balance in hands of the	
Treas. Jan. 15, 1917	189.00
Amount of Borough Appropriation	450.00
Amount Refund freight, P. R. R.	32.16
Amount received—trees sold and planting	289.58 941.29

Amounts Expended	Amount
Public Spirit printing	5.00
Progressive Pub Co.	32.15
J. C. Barclay postage	8.00
Duffton hardware supplies	2.80
Clearfield Hardware Co.	60.20
Wm. F. Powell, supplies	11.30
John Smith, draying	8.00
D. H. Kester, draying	1.00
W. B. Holmes, freight	41.76
Fred Dem, draying	2.00
E. J. Spence, draying	5.00
E. J. Walther, draying	9.90
Earl Mitchell, labor	35.10
Lex McCloskey, labor	9.00
Willard Horn, labor	16.81
William Lambly, labor	2.00
Elam Brown, labor	17.13
Zenas Shaw, labor	110.44
Lewis Brown, labor	164.80
Jacob Cooper, old hose	2.00
H. Beger, filing saws	3.50
Andoro Nursery Co.	
Trees	250.00
Balance in treasury	183.26
	941.29 941.29

Respectfully submitted
S. D. BAILEY
WM. F. DAGUE
LESLIE STEWART

After some discussion it was decided to appropriate \$300 to the Shade Tree Commission for 1918.

The Board of Health presented a budget for 1918 which calls for an appropriation of \$1625 and same was referred to the Finance Committee for report at next meeting. The Board of Health also made the following report:

Council of Clearfield Borough Gentlemen: We have had 15 communicable diseases reported this year. They are as follows:

2 cases of measles.

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One Year \$3.00 Three Months .75
Six Months \$1.50 One Month .25

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION BY CARRIER
Clearfield, Curwensville and Woudland Per month 40c

Entered at Post Office at Clearfield, Pa., as second class matter.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 7, 1918.

SUSPICION IS WELL FOUNDED

Because innocent looking knitting bags might contain bombs in their capacious depths, Senate gallery doorkeepers have taboored them.

Knitting in the galleries is all very well but the wherewith must not be camouflaged under several yards of bag. Judging from some of the knitting bags we have bravely peeked into the suspicions of the doorkeepers as to contents other than knitting materials is well founded.

OUR FIRST STAGGERING BLOW

The inevitable has happened and for the very reason that we were expectant the blow has not fallen heavily. No doubt the loss will be more keenly felt in the states from which the unfortunate guardsmen came, but the fact that we are not drawn to them by the force of nearness should in no wise minimize our regard for them and the significance of the accident that occurred to them. Thus far we had escaped the dangers of the submarine so far as our troops were concerned and we can imagine the effect this partial victory will have on the German powers who have been untiring in their efforts to sink our troop ships. It is indeed a miracle that so many of our men have been shipped across in safety and this incident should serve to warn us all that the submarine peril is still to be reckoned with in transporting our men to the battle lines of France.

TIGHTEN UP THE SCREWS

A war machine, today, is America. Travelling the road of Success, it is bound for Victory.

With the direction of the machine we have, most of us, little to do. We must trust the man at the wheel of State to drive forward with speed and care.

But with the condition of the machine itself we are implicitly concerned. For its effective operation we are every one of us responsible. Every American is, in fact, an essential part of the mechanism which is to carry the world forward to a new era of liberty.

But the motor, alas, is not yet "tuned up". It rattles badly. Loose and imperfectly assembled, it knocks and overheats.

Why? Because so many of us are still careless and confident, indifferent to our duty as citizens. Last week, for instance, there were reported 537 violators of the lighting regulations in New York. There still are profiteers, still women who knit colored sweaters for their own use, still persons who repeat scandalous rumors, deterring the Cause. Tightwads and slackers still abound. No wonder our war machine is still ineffectual. It needs the regulation of a national conscience.

How then shall we tighten up the screws? This way: Every citizen must see to it that his part is well done. We must stop all leaks—economize in light, coal, wheat, beef and sugar. We must get more mileage, give up pleasure and profit, knit, work, inspire others, insist that all obey the law, and watch out for spies. The motor must have fuel—subscribe to the Liberty Loan! Lubricate the machinery with contributions to the Red Cross!

There is, in short, only one thing upon which we must all concentrate—Success! And Success will not come until every man, woman and child realizes his own vital responsibility in the prosecution of this war as a great crusade for universal democracy.

Are you doing everything in your power to help win the war?—helping in every way and every day? Do you feel that nothing matters except victory? If we do not win—disaster!

When everyone regards his obligations as deeply as if he were an enlisted soldier and fights in his own way the civic battle of patriotism, then, and not till then, will the American war machine bring us to the longed-for end—universal peace.

An Aid To Progress

Business success today is as dependent upon extensive knowledge and capable judgment as upon adequate capital to meet its financial requirements.

An association with this Institution means much more than a mere bank depositing and borrowing connection.

It brings to the solution of financial problems and the furtherance of business plans the extensive knowledge, helpful advice and willing assistance of our Officers.



POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. Jonathan Currier of Grantville, Pa., as a candidate for the office of coroner to be elected at the 21st Congressional district caucus at Clearfield, Center, Cameron and McKean counties. Subject to the rules of the Republican party. Primary May 21, 1918.

We are authorized to announce the name of Evan J. Jones of Bradford, McKean county as a candidate for Representative in Congress from the twenty-first district composed of the counties of Clearfield, Center, Cameron and McKean, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Bradford, Pa.

STATE SENATE
We are authorized to announce the name of S. J. Miller of Bigler township, Clearfield county as a candidate for the office of State senator from the 24th Senatorial district of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Madera, Pa.

DOCTORS WILL GO TO PUNXSU TO GET WAR INFORMATION

Members of all the medical advisory boards for Clearfield county, expect to attend a session of advisory physicians in Punxsutawney Friday at which time final instructions concerning their duties will be given by a government physician.

Until that time no action will be taken by the advisory board on any of the cases awaiting consideration at DuoBis. According to the interpretation of the selective service system regulations, the examining board has only the power to accept or reject men and its powers for rejection must be confined to those men who are badly crippled, blind or otherwise obviously exempted from any military service.

The decisions as to general or partial military fitness will be made by the advisory board. The advisory board will also act finally upon every rejection other than those for which the cause is obvious, before it becomes final. This board also acts in an appellate capacity to consider the cases of any man who is dissatisfied with the examination given him by the examining board.

The local delegation to Punxsutawney will be made up of Drs. Stewart, Gordon, Yoney, Frantz and Quigley of Clearfield; Mauk of Woodland, and King, of Curwensville. Chief Clerk John M. Bain will also accompany the medical board, and the examining physicians from District No. 3 will also come down from Houtzdale and go along.

WILL 13 BE OUR LUCK NUMBER AGAIN

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—Here's to good old "Thirteen," and may she help us to win the war! If the United States emerges victorious from the great world conflict in which she is now engaged, and there are none who doubt it, the "unlucky thirteen" superstition will be smashed to smithereens. The number which so many persons are inclined to regard as a "hoax" is in reality the talisman of our country, and has been such since the thirteen colonies banded together to fight for their independence. The original flag of the United States, that is, the original "Old Glory," contained thirteen stars, while the flag of today still carries the lucky number in its thirteen stripes. The seal of the United States has thirteen arrows and thirteen stars. The American eagle has thirteen tail and thirteen wing feathers. The national motto, "E pluribus unum," contains thirteen letters. And let it be remembered the name of the man who stands at the head of the nation in these troublous times, Woodrow Wilson, contains thirteen letters, as does also the name of his chief adviser, Robert Lansing, secretary of state.

SERVICE FLAG OF 1,500 STARS

New York, Feb. 7.—Dedication of a service flag of 1,500 stars, representing the number of local members of the Knights of Columbus who have joined the colors, will be a picturesque feature of the grand military ball to be given in Madison Square Garden tomorrow night by the New York chapters of the well known Catholic organization. Governor Whitman, Bishop Hayes and a number of prominent army and naval officers have accepted invitations to attend.

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How To Get Quick Relief From Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

When a cold comes on, you know it's a bad one. You can't breathe, your head aches, your eyes are sore, and you are miserable. But there is a remedy for all this. It's a cream that opens up your nostrils and relieves your head. It's called "Cream for Catarrh" and it's the best thing you can get. It's sold everywhere. Try it. You'll be glad you found it.

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

THEY ALL TELL SAME STORY.

A California man writing to the San Francisco Examiner from Denver, Colo., says:

"I am stopping at the Brown Palace, and in discussing this matter with the proprietor, he tells me that this year has been the most profitable year in the history of the hotel, and they are entirely satisfied with their conditions. In fact, I am dictating this letter in what was formerly known as 'The Spa,' a celebrated saloon in the Brown Palace. It has now the unique distinction of being a dry bar where soft drinks exclusively are sold. The bartender told me this morning that it is more than paying its way."

"The reports I get from Colorado Springs, which is exclusively supported by tourists and visitors, are the same. All of their hotels are full and have been all summer."

"I was very much pleased yesterday, driving out to Lookout Mountain to pass in the city of Golden a large, beautifully equipped old brewery building, now used for the manufacture of malted milk. It was such a surprise to me that I made inquiry and found that this business was more profitable than the manufacture of beer."



Columbia: This continual patching of the map is getting on my nerves! It seems to me the time has come for Uncle Sam and me to make the map all white by a prohibition amendment to the Federal constitution! — The Union Signal.

WHAT IT HAS DONE FOR MAINE.

It is impossible to judge of the complete efficiency of prohibition by surface investigations. One has to know what conditions were before prohibition came to pass, and a study of conditions in Maine previous to the adoption of the prohibitory policy—as recorded by those who witnessed the change which came over the state sixty years ago when it outlawed the traffic—leaves no doubt of such a transformation there at that time as has recently been taking place in such states as Oregon, Washington, Arizona, and the states of the South. By all the accounts of those times the unmistakable signs of shiftlessness and poverty due to drink were everywhere prevalent in Maine. But the one thing that impresses visitors to the state more than anything else today is the thrift, the spic-and-spanness of buildings and grounds, even to the white paling fences which testify to the effect that the prohibition of drink has had upon the population. The savings habit possesses Maine to the startling degree. Street urinals carry pennies to storekeepers and deposit them there until the amount reaches \$1, then the dollar is proudly carried to the savings bank. And the comparative paucity of crimes, the smallness of the state penitentiary, the safety with which women and children visit the state in the summer room the woods and hills of Maine, all point the same prohibition moral.

THE SIGNS IN OHIO.

In 1914 the wet majority in Ohio was 88,122; in 1915, 55,408; in 1917, 1,187. It is significant that not only was the wet majority of the state reduced to remarkable degree, but the large cities made great dry gains. Even Cincinnati gained. Cleveland, Toledo, Youngstown, Akron, Canton, all gave prohibition majorities, and the dry carried Columbus, the capital city. City dwellers as well as rural citizens are beginning to realize that the license policy means economic waste. It is easy to predict the result of Ohio's "next time."

SOME HIGH BAWLS.

The bowl of the distiller when his soul-destroying trade is stopped. The bowl of the brewer who sees that his day is coming. The bowl of the tripper as the price of the highball soars higher and higher. It makes him sore, too. These three bowls lead to three other bowls which hang over the pawnbroker's door. As Hamlet says: "Oh, my prophetic soul, mine uncle." — Temperance.

THE HIGH COST OF LIQUOR.

Speaking of the advanced price of whisky, Harry J. Kattenbach, president of the wholesalers' association, makes this statement, says the New York World: "The wholesalers will pass the new tax on the retailers, and the retailers will pass it on to the consumers. They must do this or go out of business." But the consumer, many of him, is refusing to pay, and saloon patronage is falling off in marked degree. Thousands of saloons are going out of business.

Two hundred thousand dollars is the estimated worth of the gold placed in the teeth of Londoners.

For the thrifty housewife who wants a better cooking oil

MAZOLA

The American woman demands quality—even when she thinks most about economy.

That is one reason why Mazola, the pure oil from corn, for deep frying, sautéing, shortening and salad dressings is now used in thousands of homes—in preference to butter, lard or suet.

And since the Food Administration asks us to save these fats the housewife is especially glad to have a cooking oil which is so pure, wholesome and economical.

Not one drop of Mazola is wasted—it can be used over and over again as it does not transmit taste or odor from one food to another.

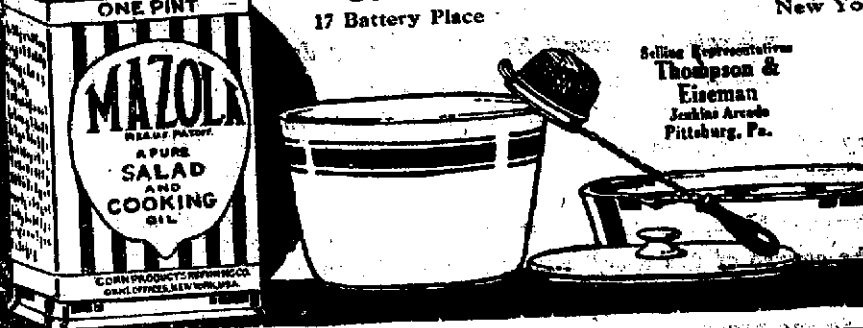
It is as pure and sweet as the most delicate food cooked in it—and it makes fried foods more easy to digest—free from greasiness or soginess.

Use Mazola for your salad dressings, too—makes them especially delicious.

Get Mazola from your grocer in pint, quart, half-gallon or gallon tins. The large sizes give greatest economy. Also ask for the free Mazola Book of Recipes—or write us direct.

Your money refunded if Mazola does not give entire satisfaction.

Corn Products Refining Company
17 Battery Place New York



LOCAL SOLDIER BOYS WANT OLD RECORDS

Co. E 305 Ammun. Train
Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.

Dear Friend:

At a meeting recently of the members of this company it was decided by practically unanimous vote that the Victrola presented to our company by popular subscription among the members of the company, was sorely in need of records, and knowing full well that many of our friends "Back Home" had records too numerous to mention laying around in their respective ways, all decided that about the best way to relieve the congestion was by having some representative friend make a canvass among those left at home and forward the above mentioned records to the boys in camp, particularly the boys in Co. E, 305 Ammunition Train, Camp Lee.

These records not only give you the satisfaction of knowing you are doing something more that will surely be credited to your "bit," but also help wonderfully to pass some of the dreary hours that Uncle Sam has so kindly given us for ourselves.

Assuring you that anything you may do regarding the above will meet with hearty commendation from all of us, and hoping to be favored with as early a response as possible we are,

Boys of Company E
For
Capt. Everett A. Todd
Sergeant Clarence Rishel
Corporal Karl E. Redfoot
Music Committee

Persons desiring to send records to Camp Lee may leave them at Suckley's Wall Paper Store and they will be promptly forwarded.

WAUSAU HOTELMAN ACCUSED

Wausau, Feb. 7.—Gustav Sternberg, a Wausau hotel proprietor who was recently arrested following an investigation by Federal authorities, is to be given a preliminary hearing in court today. He is charged with having made false statements with intent to interfere with the operations of the military and naval forces of the United States.

Have you Read the "Wanted?"

FOR LUMBAGO

Try Musterole. See How Quickly It Relieves

You just rub Musterole in briskly, and usually the pain is gone—a delicious soothing comfort comes to take its place. Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Use it instead of mustard plaster. Will not blister. Many doctors and nurses use Musterole and recommend it to their patients. They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). Always dependable. 30 and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.00.



Fancy Dress Gingham 25c yard

This is an extra special gingham 30 inches wide and without flaws or damaged spots. A pleasing variety of colors in tan, green and blue plaids. Just the thing to make school dresses for the youngsters.

First Arrivals of Spring Gingham

The early arrivals are beauties, the daintiest of color combinations and the prettiest of dress materials. We've gathered them from the makers of the finest gingham in the country and although the cotton market is nearly bare of such gingham as these we have been fortunate in getting such a goodly supply.

These new arrivals are on tables ready for your inspection.

Ross & Woods

Clearfield Penna.

SURPRISE PARTY

A delightful surprise party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Road last evening in honor of Mrs. Road's mother, Mrs. Sarah Shaw. The evening was spent in talking over old times and reading of the old family record; also some old letters written in 1865—from relatives in Ireland. Mrs. Shaw received a number of presents. At a late hour luncheon was served.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Allen Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Garman, Mrs. Ellen Shaw, R. C. Shaw, Mrs. Archie Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Shaw and son, Mrs. Lucy Hennessy and son, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Road and children, Mrs. Fred Lawrence and children, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Livingston and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Young, Jr., Ada Carns, Verma Nelson and John Fenton. At a late hour the guests all departed, wishing Mrs. Shaw many more happy birthdays.

Great Britain is using 200,000 ash trees a year in the manufacture of aeroplanes.

Something Interesting in the Classified Section.

INFORMATION!

Every day we are asked this question: "Can I play Columbia records on my Victor Talking machine?"

Here is our answer: "You certainly can and without any extra attachments or trouble."

Furthermore we wish to advise you that you can play Columbia records on the Brunswick or the Rishell Machines just as easily as you can on the Columbia machine.

Have you heard the January releases. There are some dandies. Drop in and have them played for your amusement.

STEWART DRUG COMPANY

News of OUR NEIGHBORS

CURWENSVILLE

Peter O'Laughlin of Grampian road left this week for New York City, where his sister Miss Catherine, a trained nurse, will be operated upon for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Campbell were recent visitors to Lumber City to see the later's grandmother, Mrs. Elizabeth McDivitt who has been on the sick list.

Mrs. D. P. McClure received a box of fine apples from Glyndon, Minn., from her nephew W. E. Tate, who with his son Miles, were recent visitors in Curwensville and vicinity. Mr. Tate, who is employed by the Northern & Pacific railroad, has held a responsible position with that company for the past twenty-five years. The apples were grown in the state of Washington and were in perfect preservation.

Word was received that Miss Sallie Ferguson, formerly of Susquehanna Bridge, died suddenly at the home of her sister-in-law Mrs. George Ferguson in Mahaffey Sunday where she had been making her home for some time.

Miss Hattie Wise and Ed Wise of this place attended the funeral of their brother John Wise, who passed away at his home in New Millport Saturday evening, Feb. 2, aged about 74 years. Services were held in the Lutheran church at that place Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock and was largely attended. The deceased was a life long resident of that vicinity. He is survived by his wife and six children: Mrs. McCorkle, Frank & Joseph, of Altoona, Mrs. Williams and Lemorne, Shawville and Miss Hannah at home. Burial was made at New Millport.

The demonstration at the Grange Hall Tuesday and Wednesday was well attended considering the severe weather and icy sidewalks.

Markable is the patriotic interest shown in the war by the people of the Locust street school as evidenced by the amount of Thrift Stamp bought by them during the past month. This highly commendable record which has been attained largely by the encouragement of their respective teachers is:

First grade \$16.86; Fourth \$122.67, Fifth (first floor), \$79.45; \$65.23. A spirited rivalry has contributed much to the success of this work.

Misses Lula Rougeux and Mary Shade of Clearfield, were the guests of the former's sister Mrs. Vincent DiPalma over Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. B. E. McDivitt, of Lumber City, spent Wednesday with her sister, Mrs. Eric Evans of Irvin Hill.

Two children of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. McKinley are ill of tonsillitis.

Ten of the ladies who registered for patriotic service were summoned to Clearfield hospital last evening for instruction in nursing, etc.

Mrs. M. A. Caldwell accompanied her sister in law, Mrs. William McGowan, who had been taking treatment at the Clearfield hospital, to her home in Tyrone today. Mrs. McGowan is not much improved. Mrs. Caldwell will visit in Altoona and Huntingdon county before returning home.

There will be a business meeting of the W. C. T. U. at the home of Mrs. J. E. Fross Friday afternoon at two o'clock. A good turnout is desired.

An infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Shugarts, of Ridge avenue, died of pneumonia Wednesday noon.

The B. R. & P. shifting engine was derailed at the brick yard Tuesday evening, which delayed work about three hours.

Catherine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Cook, is ill of diphtheria at her home in Naulton.

The ladies of the Red Cross met yesterday afternoon and were busy engaged in sewing, much work being accomplished.

GRAMPIAN

The patriotic program rendered by the Hepburnia school was up to just what its name represented. Much credit is due the teacher and scholars for the interest manifested. The school house was decorated entirely with long chains of red, white and blue.

Painted by the scholars. There was a beautiful American flag poating from the center of the room, which every one of our young patriotic scholars felt an honor to salute. The program was as follows:

Flag salute by the school.
McAdoo's Address. Neva Spencer
President Wilson's Flag Day address. Charlie Curry
Song of the Flag Mrs. E. A. Spencer
Composition on the Flag, Ord Cleaver
Lincoln's Gettysburg Speech
Mary Pentz
Battle Hymn of the Republic. School
Signature of the Colors Alice Spencer
Hat-off the Flag Goes By
Marie Thorp
The American Flag Hazel Pentz
My Native Land Leona Spencer
A Man Without a Country
Rebecca Dale Peacher
Address T. E. Moore
The Making of the Flag Don Spencer
Star Spangled Banner School
Flag Salute

Mrs. E. A. Spencer visited at Mrs. J. L. Cleavers Saturday.

Vera Spencer who is teaching at Olanta spent Saturday and Sunday at her home.

Bird Spencer left on Monday for Camp Lee.

Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Spencer Sundayed with Guy Spencer and wife at Strongach.

GARNWATH

Lemoyne Wise was called to Houtzdale on Monday to take the examination for services under Uncle Sam.

Eldon Bell, of New Millport, made our town a visit last Saturday. "Shorty" is off for Houtzdale also.

John Wise, one of our respected citizens, was suddenly called by death last Sunday morning. Mr. Wise was as well as usual on Friday and Saturday morning, but in the afternoon of Saturday his heart began to give way, and notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of his physician, no relief could be given. Mr. Wise leaves behind his wife and four boys and four girls—Lyman, Lemoyne, Frank and Joseph; Mrs. George Withrow, Mrs. Lizzie McCorkle, Mrs. Richard Williams and Miss Hannah. Interment at New Millport Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fleck attended the funeral services of John Livingstone last Saturday at Clearfield.

We learn that Boardman is pugilistically on the map. We regret that such valuable energy could not be used against the Kaiser.

John Wilson and wife of Wimber visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hamilton over Sunday.

We are glad to learn that Chancey Norris, son of Wade A. Norris, of New Millport, has entered Drew Theological Seminary. New Millport has sent out a number of ministers. Success to you and yours, Chancey.

John Gray, brother of Superintendent James Gray, has severed his connections with the Carnwath Coal Company and taken up work at Latrobe where he will move his family in a few weeks.

IF BACK HURTS BEGIN ON SALTS

Flush your kidneys occasionally if you eat meat regularly.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally. Says a well known authority: "Meat, fat, and acid which clog the kidney pores so they suddenly filter or strain only part of the waste and poisons from the blood then you get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headache, indigestion, nervousness, constipation, dizziness, sleeplessness, bladder disorders come from sluggish kidneys."

The moment you feel a dull ache in the loins or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy or offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of burning, get about four ounces of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills and take a fast for a few days and your kidneys will get set free. This famous salt is made from the finest ingredients and is combined with lithine and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to activity. It is a natural remedy for the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder disorders. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are a sure cure for the ailments of the kidneys. They should be taken now and then to keep the kidneys clean and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.



Next to Leitzingers

Best Values of
The Year For
The White Sale

LEITZINGER BROS.
"THE BIG STORE"

Terms Cash On
All White Sale
Merchandise



Annual Sale of White

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8 TO SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16

War conditions have brought about great changes in merchandise.

This season's WHITE SALE will demonstrate in a practical way the effect a world war has brought about in staple merchandise. Fewer linens—more cottons—many new lines of goods never shown before, and all at higher prices. Yet the prices quoted for this sale are much less than the prices will be on our

next buying for Spring Season of 1918. In addition staple merchandise drawn from surplus bought in the past will be placed on sale at prices that will average 1-4 to 1-3 less than today's buying which means a saving to our White Sale customers that we will not be able to offer again this year.

SPLENDID VALUES AT THE EMBROIDERY COUNTER

Those who prefer doing their sewing for spring before the warm weather is here will do well to take advantage of this sale for lace and embroidery for trimmings.

1000 YARDS FINE CAMBRIC EMBROIDERY

Special For The White Sale
Four widths, 5, 9, 18 in. wide.
A good form embroidery. 10c
Per yard

18 IN. CAMBRIC FLOUNCING

25c and 30c value, yard 19c
Better grades, yd. 35c to 65c

FINE FRENCH ORGANDY FLOUNCING

18 in. wide, yd. 30, 35, 39, 50c
7 in. wide, yd. 75c to \$1.25

LACES FOR WHITE SALE

Point de Paris style, 3/4 10c
to 6 in. wide, special
English cotton 5c, 8c, 10c
torchons, yard
Linen torchons from our surplus stock. On 10, 12, 15, 18c
sale, yard

MADERIA EMBROIDERY

A new line of insertions and edges to match 10c to 18c
yard

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Prices on all staple domestic cottons show strong advances yet they are lower by 1-4 to 1-3 than they will be for the spring season.

We will give our White Sale customers the lowest prices of the season on muslins by the yard, bleached and unbleached sheeting, pillow tubings all widths, new percales, calicoes, ginghams and seersuckers, cotton toweling and soft finished cambrics.

THE NEW WASH GOODS FOR SPRING WILL BE ON DISPLAY

Showing the new fabrics and colorings for the coming season.

The showing of these new goods is always a special feature during the White Sale.

TABLE LINENS—NAPKINS

We still have on hand some all linens—not many. What we have are far below present day prices.

OUR NEW COTTON DAMASKS

Are good substitutes. Some specially good values ranging in price from 29c to \$1.25 yd. A strong mercerized damask by the yard is one of our best values. Napkins to match.

A GREAT SALE OF TURKISH AND COTTON HUCK TOWELS

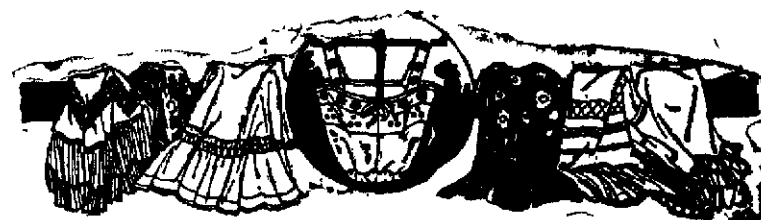
The prices for the White Sale are far below the market prices today.

We also have a few linen towels to close out during this sale.

Special weight and size huck towels for hotel purposes.

SALE OF BED QUILTS

Crochet and Marseilles quilts, plain and cut corners. Also scalloped for single and double beds. Plain white and colored stripe dimity spread are shown in all sizes. These attractive spreads are growing more in favor every season.



LADIES' MUSLINWEAR

Some wonderful values are shown for our 1918 White Sale. High grade choice garments at prices that cannot be replaced later on.

The far-sighted buyer cannot do better than to supply their need at this sale.

CHOICE GOWNS UNDERPRICED

Cambric gowns, lace trimmed, low neck, short sleeves. Regular 75c value 50c

FINE NAINSOOK GOWNS

Lace and embroidery trimmed. Low neck, short sleeves. Special 59c

Extra fine nainsook gown. Fancy lace trimmed. Special for White Sale 69c

LADIES' FINE CAMBRIC GOWNS

V-neck embroidered and tucked trimming, long sleeves. Special 79c

Fine nainsook gown. Regular \$1.10 value at 88c

Ten special styles in fine nainsook and cambric, fine lace and embroidery trimming. A special purchase for the White Sale \$1.00

50 Dozen gowns. New this season. \$1.25 to \$4.50

BILLY BURKE PAJAMAS

Pink batiste and crepe cloth. \$1.50, \$2.25, \$2.50

One and two piece styles. Special

LADIES' WHITE SKIRTS

Long cloth, embroidery and tucked flounce. Regular 75c value 50c

LADIES' WHITE SKIRT

Long cloth, soft finished quality, embroidered flounce, lace insertion, 90c value 69c

LADIES' SKIRTS

Ten new styles. Every one priced at a saving. 98c

Special at Ladies' white skirts at \$1.25

Styles, materials and trimmings as good as we have ever shown during any previous White Sale. A good assortment of styles to choose from \$1.25

White pique skirts \$1.25

White sateen skirts \$1.50

Ladies skirts, 25 styles, choice new designs. \$1.29 to \$5

Special reduced prices for the White Sale, each

LADIES' DRAWERS

Excellent Qualities—Low Prices

Ladies' cambric and muslin drawers, lace and embroidery trimmed, 2 styles 29c

Two styles drawers. Regular 50c value 39c

Pink batiste bloomers. Special 50c

Ladies' pink crepe bloomers 75c

Ladies' wash satin bloomers \$3.50

LADIES' MARCELLA DRAWERS

Circular styles, pair 65c to \$1.50

These garments are well known for good quality and workmanship.

NEW ENVELOPE COMBINATIONS

Two styles. Lace and embroidery trim 65c and 79c

med. Other styles, mostly camisole tops, each 98c to \$2.00

CREPE DE CHINE AND WASH SATINS

Dainty trimmings of lace and embroidery, \$2.50 to \$4.

each

SILK CAMISOLES

Wash satin and crepe de chine, 40 styles. White and flesh color. Special for White Sale, each 98c

Other styles \$1.50 to \$2.50

PHILIPINE HAND-MADE AND EMBROIDERED UNDER GARMENTS

Made from a fine soft finished material. The exquisite workmanship compares favorably with the higher priced French garments.

Gowns, special \$1.98 to \$4.98

Combinations to match \$1.98 to \$3.98

ODD LOT OF LADIES' MUSLIN WEAR

At Reduced Prices

Ladies' open drawer combinations. \$1.00 values 79c

at \$1.25 to \$1.50 value at 98c

Other styles \$1.25

CORSETS

Special For The White Sale

Fifty-five Warner's, Redfern's and La Resista corsets. Regular 98c to \$1.98

\$1.50 to \$5.50 models, now

On sale in the Millinery Sales Room.

DAINTY SHIRTWAISTS IN THE SALE OF WHITE

20 Dozen fine voile waists with fine edging and embroidery trimming. \$1.25 98c

to \$1.50 qualities at

EXTRA SIZE WAISTS

White voile, sizes 46 to 52. \$1.48

Special at

FINE VOILE WAISTS

Semi-tailored style, new style collar—large single button. Closing \$2.00 \$1.59

value at

WHITE TUB SILK WAISTS

High and low necks, \$2.50 \$1.89

value at

NEW LACE CURTAINS

Prominent in the White Goods Sale is the display of new curtains for spring, showing all the new styles of window draperies and curtains in scrims, marquisesettes, Brussels and flet nets, Irish points and Nottingham.

During the White Sale with the new stock to choose from is a splendid line to make your selections of curtains for your home—prices too are lower at this time.

SECOND FLOOR:—

New silk new serge and new voile dresses for spring in navy, copen, tan and grey.

A special display of new suits and new coats.

INTERESTING ITEMS THROUGHOUT THE DIFFERENT PARTS OF STORE

SHOE DEPT:—

2000 Pairs shoes—men's, women's and children's—odd lots. Excellent quality. Regular prices of these shoes are anywhere from \$2.25 to \$10.00. Sale prices:—

For children's 69c to \$1.79

Boys' shoes \$1.98

High grade girls' shoes \$2.00

Women's \$2.98, \$3.48, \$5, \$7.75

A lot of men's rain coats \$2.98

A lot of men's dress shirts 79c

Men's mufflers one-fourth off.

DRESS GOODS COUNTER:—

Special display for White Sale of new fabrics for spring—silks, cotton and light woolen materials for waists and dresses.

A special crepe de chine 40 in. wide. \$1.75 value at, yard... \$1.40



Classified Ads For Everybody

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A cook at the St. Charles hotel. J7-1f

WANTED—A place to work in a small family. Apply Progress. F6-3tp

WANTED—2 girls at the Leonard House. J11fc

WANTED—A woman to do washing preferably one who can come in the mornings. Apply 4 Fourth street or call H. & C. 225x2 F6-2c

WANTED

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED—DON'T MATTER IF BROKEN I pay \$2 to \$15 per set. Also cash for old gold, silver, and broken jewelry. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. Will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval of my offer. L. Mazer, 2007 So. 5th St., Phila., Pa. J16-5w-pd

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Buescher clarinet, b. fice.

flat, high pitch. Inquire Progress of.

FOR SALE QUICK—I am drafted and must sell my teaming outfit. Consists of team weighing about 2500 pounds, wagon, sleds, harness, and everything for a teamster's complete outfit. Can be seen at my barn at 488 West Front street. Guy Fenton. H. & C. phone 409x2. F6-2tp

FOR SALE OR RENT—House and lot situated in Hillside. Frame house 7 rooms, city water, large garden, fruit trees. Also fertile farm in Girard township, near Bald Hill and Surveyor mines, 103 acres. House and barn. 85 acres, cleared, 18 acres wood lot. Good water. Apply Jack C. Graham, Clearfield, Pa. F1-6tp

LOST

LOST—Somewhere between Pooler's store and Linden street, a diamond lavallier. Reward if returned to Progress office. F5-3tp-pd

LOST—Many a sale of something that you thought was useless and threw away. Someone could have used it. Ask the Progress Adman.

LOST—Pearl ring, Saturday evening between Leonardson's store and Junior High school building on either Market or Front street. Liberal reward for return to the Progress office. J28-1f

LOST—Between the Susquehanna College of Music and Sixth street, East End, a lady's gold watch with the initials P. H. C. together with a chain and locket with the initials T. F. Reward if returned to Progress office or call H. & C. 410. F4-1w

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Store room and fixtures, with dwelling on second floor. Opposite P. R. R. station. Will rent both together or separately. Call on premises or see Samuel Toney, Clearfield. F6-1wc

ARRESTED IN HARRISBURG

The colored man who cleaned out the locker at Jordans cafe last December and who beat Chief McHenry ninetyseven yards in a hundred dash on Daisy street following the commission of the crime was arrested in Harrisburg Monday. The coon had stolen forty different coats before the capital city police rounded him up. He confessed to operating in Clearfield.

Canada has only two inhabitants for each square mile of her vast territory.

You

Cannot tell when your time may come and you cannot afford to take chances. Get a policy from

Holmbold & Stewart
Snyder Block

Story of a Russian Rising

By WARREN MILLER

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

I am a Russian; I served three years in a Siberian prison; I escaped in time to join the revolution that deposed the czar who sent me to that horrible life; consequently I have but one thought, to see my country under such a government as will give her freedom within and save her from being enslaved by another imperial master from without.

Being in Petrograd soon after the last revolution, I went to a man who was a member of the provisional government, told him how I had planned and executed my escape from prison and asked him if there was any work I could do to serve my country in her struggle for the preservation of that liberty she had so suddenly grasped.

"You are just the man we want," he said, "for a certain purpose. In Moscow there has secretly arrived a man from New York who is a leader among a certain class of fanatics, or rascals, I am not sure which. We believe that he has come over here to take advantage of the clamor of our simple peasants for the land to work for an anarchistic movement. We can do nothing to head him off without a definite knowledge of his object. You can serve Russia best by going to Moscow, representing yourself a friend of that man's cause, getting his plans from him and bringing them here to the provisional government."

I accepted the commission and went to Moscow. The man whose confidence I was to attempt to win still lives and I do not care to mention his name, nor that name should be known in this connection. I have no desire to receive a thrust in the back in return for what he would call my treachery. I shall call him Scoraloff.

When I reached Moscow I found that Scoraloff was keeping very dark. I represented myself to a woman as a Red and she being a Red herself gave me her confidence. In her enthusiasm for the cause she took me to Scoraloff and introduced me as a helper of their cause. I will not dwell upon how I won her confidence. It is enough to say that I won it.

When I had learned all that I wanted to learn of this communistic plan, I suggested that I would be glad to carry any orders Scoraloff might have for those associated with him in Petrograd. In this I made a mistake. My object was to be passed back to the capital in order to furnish the information I had gained to the provisional government; but I saw by Scoraloff's expression that he suspected me of being a spy. However, his suspicion was apparent only for an instant. He gave me a password that would enable me to go to the capital without being stopped by any of his conspirators.

Scoraloff really wished a messenger he could trust and gave me a letter written in his own hand to his chief abettor in Petrograd containing numerous instructions. Before setting out on my return journey I read the letter and was disappointed that no date was mentioned for the rising.

I had not gone far on my journey when I felt some one touch me on the shoulder, and turning, saw a man who ordered me to follow him. I did not know whether he was a government official or a Red. I had a pass on my person signed by an officer of the government for all loyal persons to pass me and assist me in official business. I suspected that this was a Red so I gave him the Red password. He paid no attention to it, but took me to a house in the lower part of Moscow and led me to the top story, where, opening the door, I was ushered into a room in which sat a man at once I knew to be a Red. No one but a Red would have been lodged in such a place. My life was at stake, for in case I was searched the order of the government would be found and would stamp me for a spy on the Reds.

The man before whom I was taken went about an examination of me very adroitly. He said that he had received an order from Scoraloff to intercept me for the purpose of adding to the instructions he had given me. I was invited to take a seat and received a pumping to discover whether I was as I pretended a Red or a government spy. I coolly asked the man's permission to smoke and having received it produced a box of cigarettes which I offered to him. He took one, I another. I struck a match, held it to him, then to my own, and we began to smoke.

After a verbal examination he told me that he had no doubt that I was what I purported to be, but Scoraloff's orders to search me were peremptory. I was stripped, inspected and every article of my clothing was carefully examined. Nothing was found to incriminate me and after a hearty shake of the hand I was suffered to go my way.

Why was it that my voucher from the government was not found?

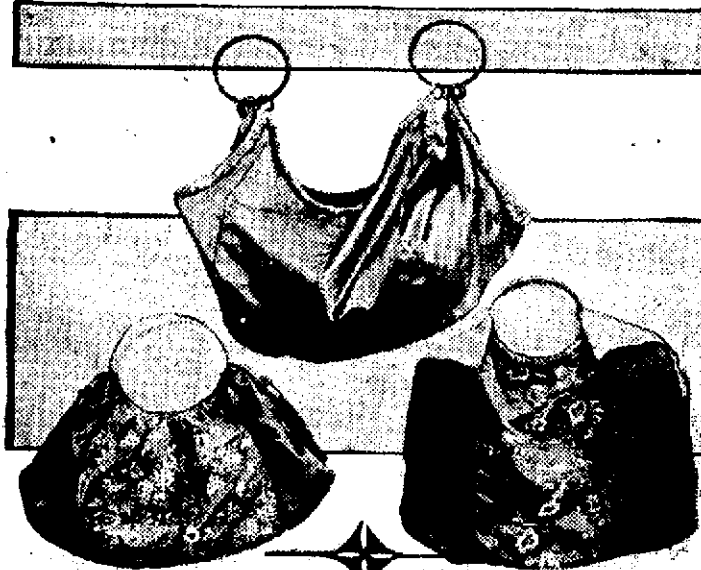
Because it was written on the wrapper of the cigarette he had smoked. While he was pumping me he was burning the only evidence against me.

I arrived without further interference at Petrograd and warned the government against the danger that threatened it; but I could not give the date of the proposed uprising and found those at the head of affairs disposed to rely on moral suasion. Therefore my trip was of no avail.

Had the man who interviewed me not been a smoker I would not have had to tell this story.

One of the best examples of natural camouflage is furnished by the zebra, which, owing to its stripes, fades into the tall grass where it retreats from the hunter.

Attending to Our Knitting



There is no prospect now of a respite from the necessity to knit and if such a respite were in sight there are many women who would not take advantage of it. This knitting for the soldiers turns out to be a fascinating occupation that quiets the nerves and satisfies the heart's desire to do something worth while.

There is no end to the demand for warm socks, for scarfs and sweaters and helmets, and there is no limitation to the willingness of women to make them; so we are destined to go on knitting. Even the end of the war will hardly see the end of our devotion to the good, old-fashioned art. By that time we shall have become addicted to it—and also to the necessity of being useful.

The knitting bag is the outward and visible sign of our patriotic industry and every day brings out new ones. The last arrivals are somewhat smaller than the sweater bags that were so numerous in the summer and fall followed by knitting bags patterned after them. Satin and ribbon are used for making many of these new bags. In plain and printed weaves and in broad and embroidered patterns. They are designed so that they can be easily carried on the arm and to make the knitting so accessible that everywhere their wearers sit down for a quarter of an hour, or even less time, the knitting goes faithfully on. Three ribbon bags are shown in the group illustrated. The largest bag is made of rose-colored ribbon in five strips, herringbone-stitched together. The end strips are trimmed in a curve and the edges are finished with a narrow plaiting of inch-wide satin ribbon matching

the bag. Small rings with cover of crocheted silk floss suspend the bag from large metal ring handles.

The bag at the lower left of the picture is made of black satin ribbon set at each side of a handsome broadcloth ribbon, with black ground and flowers in many rich colors. It is suspended from two narrow metallic rings, one of them set with a few mock jewels in colors. A handsome black silk tassel finishes each end of this dignified bag. Wide black velvet ribbon at each side of a richly embroidered satin ribbon serves to make the handsome bag at the right. The trumpet flowers embroidered in red silk in a black ground are enriched with silver threads entwining their stems and foliage and brightening the blossoms. This bag is lined with soft green satin and is suspended from large satin-covered rings.

Julia Bottomley

Rich Shades of Color.

Among the colors which dyers have produced of late are the various shades of red, including beetroot. They have also found an odd purple. These shades will be seen largely in winter tailored suits, and in millinery they are attractive, for nearly every woman can wear a velvet hat in the beetroot shade. If a gray gown is liked it need not be all gray. There are many colors that can be used with it. Certain shades of blue are effective, and with gray will go violet, heliotrope, salmon, watermelon pink and flame red.

UNDER THE CAMOUFLAGE

Intimate War Experiences and Observations of

LOWELL MELLETT

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

Paris, Dec. 4.—It was shortly after 11 a. m. when I reached the office of No. 1, the Bureau for Surveillance of Foreigners. The concierge explained that everybody had gone to lunch at 11 and wouldn't be back until 2. It was 12 when I reached No. 2, the Prefecture of Police, in the City. Everybody had gone to lunch. I went to lunch.

No. 1, being prompt and business-like, had managed to get back to work after the three-hour lunch period and he put his stamp on my passport without further delay. No. 2 later did likewise and by 4.30 the last of the three, the British Consulate, had been passed. The train left at 5 o'clock. It couldn't be done, since the ticket had to be bought, none being sold without passports that satisfy the ticket seller, and no taxi in Paris could cover the remaining ground in half an hour. I got out in the morning.

Saw the Latin Quarter of tradition tonight. Wader knew a place. It is called the Cafe Duret and is located at 8 rue de Valenciennes.

Four great husky women run the place and the romance of it is supplied by the purple past each is supposed to possess. They have managed to preserve its atmosphere despite the war and the long wall seats on each side of the room were occupied by joyous men and girls of the sort always described in stories of the Quarter. The men, however, were in uniform for the most part; severe straight coat collars made flowing tics impossible and military barbers had done for the long hair that is supposed to distinguish artists.

Also, it was a mighty fine dinner.

Round the corner was a cabaret. Wader explained that Paris cabaret artists are mostly of the male persuasion and we passed it up. It does seem that this is war-work that might be entrusted to the other sex.

Visited Comedie Francaise, where Maurice de Feraudy, said to be the legitimate successor to Coquelin, was playing the title role in "Folies." His skillful comedy was a delight. Mlle. Cecile Sorel, feminine star, is a composite of Mrs. Piske and Leslie Carter, the latter contributing chiefly red hair and emotional vibrations. Mlle. Sorel's clothes, which are said to set the fashions in Paris, were wonderful; but if Mrs. Fiske lived in Paris I believe there'd be a readjustment of casts at the Comedie.

The famous premeditated fayer was dark, but the guests strolled about it.

dodging the marble statuary, between the acts. It formed a weird experience.

Though it was the fashionable night, all men were in business clothes, or something distinctly not evening dress. London's shining shirt fronts are taboo here for the period of the war. The women likewise observed the rule against elaborate theatre toilettes. I had heard that this rule simply designated the distance that a gown might be open at the throat, and that one result had been to produce many marvelous V-shaped backs. Apparently there's nothing in that report.

Harve, Dec. 5.—Rode down to Havre with Capt. Bregna, of the Italian military mission in London.

"The German invasion may prove the salvation of Italy," he declared. "I don't believe anything could have united the country as this invasion has done."

The train was some time winding into the aged town of Rouen after the church spires of the city had long been in view. I talked with a Rouen citizen and found him anxious to correct one impression I'd brought from Paris.

"If you've been eating in Paris restaurants," he said, "please don't think that is the way all France is living. If it were it would be robbery for France to accept food supplies from America or anywhere else. Something ought to be done about the extravagance of Paris restaurants. It surely gives American visitors the wrong idea."

He said his own townspeople while not in actual want, seldom had an opportunity to forget the need for economy.

"Of course," he said "France is in better position to take care of herself in the matter of food than some other countries are—England, for instance. There is practically no land going unused in France."

An Australian officer standing by interpolated a remark.

"There's plenty of it going to waste in England," he declared. "I'm wondering when they'll ever get around to cutting up some of those sacred old estates that are no good for anything but hunting and golf."

Arrived around Havre with Conger, who in his A. P. days helped Cud Ackerman and the Kaiser to keep Berlin's public eye. He's on his way to become a captain or a major something.

Save Your Cash and Your Health

CASCARA QUININE

The standard cold cure for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—cures cold in 24 hours—grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. Costs less, gives more nerve punch. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

NO MORE POLICE UNTIL AFTER APRIL 1ST

(Continued From Page One)

7 cases of German measles
5 cases of chicken pox.
1 case of scarlet fever.
Have fumigated 6 cases of German measles and 5 of chicken pox.
Have under quarantine at the present time:
2 cases of measles.
2 cases of German measles.
1 case of scarlet fever.

Report that a family in our borough was using river water for drinking and cooking purposes has been investigated. The trouble between the Water company and property owner has been adjusted and the water has been supplied to the tenant.

Have had three other complaints on account of broken pipes and drains and have served notice on the property owners to repair the same at once.

The Public Safety committee made a report on the proposed increase in the police force and recommended that one additional man be added on April 1st.

The report precipitated a lengthy discussion in which Burgess Chase and about all the councilmen participated. The Burgess said he felt the town was in need of better police protection and believed two additional men were needed but that he would have to be satisfied with what the council gave him and would do the best he could with the force he had, the chief qualification he would require of the new men was that they must be sober, moral men.

It was finally decided to postpone any action on the addition to the police force until after April 1st.

Council then adjourned to meet Wednesday evening, February 20th at 8 o'clock.

PATRIOTIC DAY AT PLYMPTONVILLE SCHOOLS

The Plymptonville schools had a fine patriotic service on Friday last as their contribution to patriotic week in Clearfield county.

An entertaining program consisting of patriotic songs and selections by the children was added to by fine addresses by S. C. Read, of Lawrence township and John M. Bain of Clearfield.

It was a most enjoyable afternoon and the teachers Misses Ruth Ogden and Mary Schrote deserve great credit for the manner in which they arranged and carried out their program.

MET AUSTIN IN PARIS

Word has been received from William Pentz that he has landed safely in Italy, having been transferred there recently from France. He is a lieutenant in the Hospital corps, and has his headquarters at present at Milan. While in Paris he accidentally came across a man by the name of Austin, from Clearfield, whom he knew quite well and has a large acquaintance in this city.

We encountered Brand Whitlock, Minister to Belgium, just departing from a pleasant old house in an obscure street. The House proved to be the temporary U. S. legation to Belgium.

Whitlock somehow doesn't look much older than he did when mayor of Toledo, and for that matter, not a great deal older than when secretary to Governor Altgeld of Illinois. His hair is quite gray, but there is still a boyish light in his eyes, and his smile is the same slow, easy smile of old and his figure is as straight and slim as that of a Kuppenheimer boy. Still, I noticed when a bell at the gate rang sharply he started, as if from a physical shock. Belgium perhaps did not leave his nerves unimpaired.

Wanted to ask him what he thought Gov. Altgeld's attitude would have been had he lived to see America's present fight with his Fatherland; but Mrs. Whitlock appeared all gloved and to escort him on the daily walk which he said she enforced as a relief from the considerable burden of his work.



Advance Showing of New Spring Shoes

By anticipating the joys of early Spring. Borrow from Miss Springtime the brightest of her charms—dainty footwear. We have any number of smart attractive spring boots in the newest styles that will delight you.

High Louis heel street shoe of gray kid. It is a shade that is new and sure to be popular.

Cuban heel, narrow toe, tapering last. Made up in beautiful shades of dark brown kid.

The new shade of field mouse. This season's most popular boot.

\$8.50

Many other new Spring models in all the wanted shades, ranging in prices from \$5 to \$7.50

Brown's Boot Shop

Clearfield
DuBois Indiana Punxsutawney

In certain of the rural districts of which the hole is closed. The whoop, England the people have a curious belief, according to their belief, will vanish with regards to whooping cough, in three days under this treatment. A lock of hair is cut from the sufferer's head, and put into a hole bored in the bark of a mountain ash, after ad in the Classified section.

Valuable Booklet Free

It contains information that will help you manage your finances to much better advantage. Write for a copy. There is no obligation.

Pittsburgh Deposit & Title Co.
331 Fourth Ave Pittsburgh, Pa.

Ice Creepers

Never Needed Them Worse Than Now

We have the creeper that will save you many a fall. With the pavements in their present condition you can get a fall that will possibly cripple you for life. Don't take a chance. Get a pair of these creepers.

Newark Creepers For Men and Women

Have straps that come up over the instep. Strap on and stay on. Four oil-tempered spikes that get a firm grip on the ice and insure your footing. Adjustable for heel size so that they may be worn on any size shoe. Complete with straps for the pair.

40c pair

Kennebec Creepers

These creepers fasten on the shoe heel with a pointed set screw and have five extra long oil-tempered steel spikes that dig in deep. The spikes can't break off and the creper will not come off the foot.

50c pair

WILLIAM F. POWELL

SECOND STREET CLEARFIELD, PA.

SALVATION ARMY A BIG FACTOR IN WAR WORK

(Continued From Page One)

dollars on its war work, and has had no "drives for funds." This one million dollars is made up from nickels, dimes and quarters of the small given everywhere. The task brought to us by the war and the needs of humanity is prodigious; we must have more money to keep up the work. We ask for little compared to other organizations. We seek nothing for local work. We ask not for ourselves. We ask for humanity.

We do not even handle the money raised. Local Treasurers forward it to the general treasurer. Half of it goes for the maintenance of huts and Salvation Army War Service among the American troops in France and half of it for the maintenance of huts, refreshment booths and Salvation Army war services generally in the vicinity of training camps in this country and also for the purchase of materials with which thousands of our women may continue to knit and sew garments for the American Red Cross.

The average citizen does not know how diseases and depravity are already attacking our forces! Ask him if he understands what a camp-follower is, and the fact that The Salvation Army combats these parasites and struggles to turn them back into clean useful paths!

The Salvation Army is stationed, like a sentinel of final reckoning, just outside the gates of the cantonments and camps in the United States. We are there for a reason. Several other noble and splendid organizations are laboring within, and yet with their combined efforts, they cannot reach, or influence a vast percentage of the men upon whom Mr. Citizen is depending in this war for certain victory. Uncle Sam says to us: "Stick just outside the gate and fight the double fight! Persuade these men from straying from the camps into deadfalls and consequent troubles, and grab the honesty behind the lines! Who would be left to do it if the Salvation Army was not on hand? Nobody!

And this is why The Salvation Army has the written approval of President Wilson, Secretary of War Baker, Congressman Tinkham who has just come from the trenches, American Colonels, Majors and privates in the army. That is also why the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. have written cordial letters of appreciation to the Salvation Army.

General Secretary J. R. Mott of the Y. M. C. A. headquarters in New York wrote on December 20th last: "There seems to be, as far as I can learn, not only delightful unity and understanding, but the absence of duplication."

The Salvation Army is not asking and will not ask for itself in this war fund drive. It cannot cope, unaided by the public, however, with the tremendous task which the war puts upon it. We ask only that the hundreds of thousands of fighters who instinctively drift to us, and who will go nowhere else, be not denied their need of comfort and encouragement through any mistaken ideas that might innocently be cherished by the stay-at-homes.

Salvation Army War Service Fund Committee for Atlantic Coast States.

By Richard E. Holz
Colonel Commanding

WOMEN SHOULD GET THIS HABIT AS WELL AS MEN

Don't eat bite of breakfast until you drink glass of hot water

Happy bright, alert, vigorous and vivacious—a good clear skin, a natural, rosy complexion and freedom from illness are assured only by clean, healthy blood. If only every woman and likewise every man could realize the wonders of the morning internal bath, what a gratifying change would take place.

Instead of the thousands of sickly, anemic, looking men and women with pale, pinched, sunken cheeks, instead of the multitude of "nervous wrecks," "run-downs," "brain fags" and "neuritis" we should see a virile, optimistic throng of rosy-cheeked people every where.

An inside bath is had by drinking each morning before breakfast a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of Epsom's salts dissolved in it. It washes from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour fermentations and poisons thus clearing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before pushing more food into the stomach.

Those subject to sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, constipation, colds, and particularly those who have a pallid, sallow complexion and who are constipated very often, are urged to obtain a quarter pound of Epsom's salts from the drug store which will cost but a trifle but is sufficient to demonstrate the quick and remarkable change in both health and appearance awaiting those who persist in internal sanitation. We must remember that inside cleanliness is more important than outside because the skin does not absorb impurities to contaminate the blood, while the pores in the thirty feet of bowels do.

ODD AND INTERESTING

The total cost of the war to a high school is now said to be at \$5,000 a month.

DRY FEDERATION PLANNING FIGHT AGAINST BOOZE

Leading Men of State Will Make Effort To Elect Dry Legislature

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 6, 1918.—The state convention of the Dry Federation of Pennsylvania, called to meet in this city in the Chestnut Street Auditorium, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., February 14th—St. Valentine's Day—is arousing widespread political interest throughout the state. The fact that large numbers of dry sympathizers in the old line parties have arranged separate party caucuses during the convention to line up the Republicans and Democrats of the state for the dry legislative candidates in the May primaries is attracting much attention from the politicians. The Dry Federation is described as an inter-party or pan-party organization and is claimed by its supporters to be made up of all political elements throughout the state. The moral issue of temperance is laid aside, so prominent Federation workers claim, and all effort is being concentrated on making the fight for adoption of the national prohibition amendment in Pennsylvania along economic, political and war measure lines rather than as a matter of moral significance. The result will be, according to John Royal Harris, state superintendent of the Dry Federation, that leading business men, manufacturers, workmen and labor leaders throughout the state, as well as prominent politicians of all parties will attend the convention here on St. Valentine's Day and inaugurate a great drive to put Pennsylvania in the dry column at the next session of the legislature. Dr. Harris said today:

"Pennsylvania was never before so thoroughly organized for a dry fight. We are going to elect a dry majority in the next legislature and in 1919 put Pennsylvania among the 36 states necessary to adopt the national prohibition amendment."

"Sentiment throughout the state is rapidly crystallizing in favor of national wide prohibition," he said, "and I find as I go about through the various counties that all elements interested in the cause of temperance are rapidly lining up behind the Dry Federation."

One of the powerful factors back of us are the Pennsylvania manufacturers and coal operators. Hundreds of executive heads of big enterprises and large mining operations in both the anthracite and bituminous fields have promised us their unflinching support to help make this state dry and protect our industrial and mine workers from the evil effects of intemperance and insure a greater concentration of effort toward winning the war."

Prominent men who have been invited to attend the convention and dress it are Governor Martin G. Brumbaugh, Frank Hanley, former governor of Indiana, Highway Commissioner J. Denney O'Neill, the Hon. Vance C. McCormick, the Hon. M. Clyde Kelly, member of Congress; Lex N. Mitchell, member of the state legislature, and several heads of state departments.

The convention will adopt a platform and elect state officers and transact other business incidental to its work.

GRAIN NEEDED TO FEED OUR ALLIES

America Cheerfully Sacrificing Food--Breweries Should Be Shut Down

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 6, 1918.—The Hon. William E. Porter, former Judge of Lawrence County, president of the Dry Federation of Pennsylvania, which holds its state convention in this city on St. Valentine's Day, February 14th, to organize the fight to put Pennsylvania among the 36 states supporting the prohibition amendment to the constitution of the United States, sees within the next few weeks a great clamor from the public for nation-wide prohibition because of the diversion of grain to alcoholic beverages which is sorely needed to supply the tables of our people and our Allies.

"The American people are the most obedient to discipline of any peoples in the world," Judge Porter said, "and have cheerfully put themselves on a voluntary ration at the mere suggestion of the government, without the passing of or enforcing of any laws. No other country in the world war presents a spectacle of a public so willingly and cheerfully acquiescing in voluntary self restraint and deprivation of common necessities on the mere plea that it must be done to win the war." That is the splendid democratic spirit of the American people. But—and this is a most significant fact—when these same people begin to realize that although these self sacrifices are made and their children are put on slender rations and obliged to use grains for food which are inferior to wheat, still the brewing business goes on with its annual consumption of enough food stuffs to feed a nation, then there will be an awakening which will drive the last vestige of the liquor business out of America for ever. Already there are abundant signs that the public is figuring out this problem and commencing to get angry."

Australians are considering a suggestion to give the new capital of the Commonwealth the name of "Shakespeare."

USE OF WOOL IN CLOTHES LIMITED

Four and One-Half Yards Fixed as the Maximum for a Single Costume.

SKIRTS NARROW AND SHORT

American Tailors and Manufacturers of Ready-to-Wear Clothes Will Co-Operate in Campaign of Conservation.

New York.—Patriotic action is demanded of women in clothes as well as in food. There was an important meeting in New York which consolidated the co-operation of the trade with the commercial economy board, which has its headquarters in Washington. The government knew that it



This suit protects from the cold and conserves wool. The short skirt, which is of beige-colored wool, extends to the bust and is met by a deep yoke and sleeves of chiffon. The velvet coat has collar and cuffs of peltry and huge pockets made from pieces that were left from the skirt.

was useless to appeal to women to save wool in the building of their clothes, under the present commercial circumstances of clothes selling. The great majority of women buy their clothes. They do not make them at home. They buy what they can get, and they do not know the amount of material contained in a garment.

Therefore, the government made its appeal for co-operation in the conservation of wool to those who make and design women's garments. At this meeting it was resolved and rules were formulated that no man or woman in America would use over 4½ yards of wool in any costume, and less, if possible.

The response to these rules was given not only by the dressmakers, but by the manufacturers, the mill people, the ready-to-wear department stores and private dressmakers. The decision was far-reaching. It is now up to the women of America to carry out for the government a continued process of conservation in wool. It will not be a hardship. One will not have to face the chasms of doubt and despair that opened up with the conservation of food. The government does not want a standardized uniform for women, such as hosts of uprise but well meaning women advisers have offered as a solution of the clothes question.

All that the women of the country are asked to do is not to make a gown that has over 4½ yards of wool in it, and it is the appeal of the government that a woman should refuse to buy from a tailor, and a retailer should refuse to buy from a manufacturer, garments that have been made in defiance of this urgent appeal.

Long Jackets to Go.

The American tailors and manufacturers of ready-to-wear clothing will cut out the long jacket for women when it is made of wool, no matter how light the weave; they will eliminate fullness in the skirt and cut it as short as decency will permit. Three and a half yards of wool is a good average measurement for the majority of women, but the government will look kindly upon those retailers and dressmakers who must deal with large and stout customers, and even here it is believed that individuality of design and a plentiful use of other materials, rather than wool, will produce a gown of charm and satisfaction.

The slim silhouette will be accepted between Hudson Bay and Palm Beach and then crosswise. The woman who cries out against a narrow skirt either because of tradition or an artistic perception of what her body needs need not sit in the cage of a skirt and gash her feet. All she has to do is to eliminate wool from her gown or suit to combine the governmental law of wool with another me-

terial.

Coming, as the reform does, at the hour when spring and summer fashions are being conceived, the necessity for being careful with worsted material brings less hardship than if the reform had been launched last July. It is true that the great mass of people who do not live in the South and Southwest buy a vast quantity of lightweight worsted clothes for February, March and April; but they are quite willing to have the worsted enlivened by chiffon, satin, silk or georgette crepe.

If the women of this country understand what is behind the new fashions, they will enter into the spirit of conservation with as much eagerness and zealous desire to do right as they have in the saving of meat, wheat, sugar and cereals.

As History Did It.

These men on the commercial economy board need have no fear of obstinacy or rebellion against their decree. The women of other days and other countries entered into the spirit of economy in clothes with as much eagerness as they entered into the extravagance of apparel. The whole thing is in giving women an emotional idea which they are to work out to completion and success among themselves. Obedience does not appeal to them, but co-operation through persuasion sends them into a flame of endeavor.

It may be prophesied right here that there will be more novelty shown in clothes than there has been for several years or, possibly, ever before. It may not be shown by the women, but it will be expressed by the dress-makers.

One of the quick ways which has leaped into fashion for women to conserve wool for the army is the use of a short, slim separate skirt with a cutaway coat of velvet, heavily lined. Women who have such costumes declare that they will wear these skirts with corset blouses of souatched silk and satin in the spring, thereby saving cotton for the government.

Hats made of worsted have already been replaced by those of satin and velvet.

Entire coat suits made of worsted have narrow bias flounces mounted on a taffeta or satin foundation. The short jacket which goes with these skirts is so heavily trimmed with fur and has such a wide waistcoat of satin or maitelasse that it can be considered a bit camouflage.

Much Peltry Used.

One of the very smart gowns made up for a bridal trousseau, which used less than 4½ yards of this woolen material, had two bias flounces across a taffeta skirt with a deep hem of peltry, and a blouse of embroidered satin with wristlets of peltry, over which was a coat of the wool with wide Chinese sleeves—the only bit of extravagance—edged with peltry and lined with colored satin. There was a sailor collar of peltry and a Japanese bow of satin pulled through two loops in the back of the coat, to flare from the waistline.

There is another coat suit in which less than four yards of wool have been used. The skirt is narrow and slim and extends into a loose corset effect over the waist to the bust. Above that is a chiffon yoke with long sleeves in the same color. The cut-



Woolen suit that meets decree. The skirt has two flounces of wool laid on a silk lining which gets its depth by means of a hem of peltry. The short coat shows a waistcoat and sleeves of satin with a Japanese bow pulled oddly through buttonholes at the back, to flare out from the waist.

away top coat which drops below the knees, is loosely hung from the shoulders and made of dull green velvet with an immense cape collar of peltry held closely about the neck with a scarf of velvet. As a bit of trickery, to show that the coat and skirt are intended to go together, odd bits of the wool that were left from the cutting of the skirt have been stretched across the hipline of the jacket in the form of loose pockets. These are brilliantly lined and held in place with a fur button.

(Copyright 1917 by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate)

In the reign of Queen Elizabeth every beard of a fortnight's growth was subject to a special tax.

As many as eight, nine and even more and a half million eggs have died in the roe of a single cod.

IS GENTLE SPRING ABOUT TO ARRIVE

If You Are in Doubt, Read on And You Will Surely be Convinced

Is spring just around the corner? Absurd, you say. With the mercury about every other morning flirting with the zero mark, and spring near.

However, woodsmen and others voiced in nature lore, predict that we will have an early spring and their prognostications, whether there is anything to them or not, are so acceptable just now that they are given for what they are worth.

First, woodsmen and others who are out of doors a great deal, the last few days have observed a "spring sun."

People who have been in the open much the past few days, say there is a great activity among the wild creatures. Crows are flying about by the hundreds and their "caw, caw" can be heard in wood and field. There are a number of spring birds already on the ground. Squirrels are unusually active.

People who take cognizance of signs and seasons say that we will have an early spring by reason of the fact that Easter comes early, March 31, this year.

It must be remembered, too, that for the first time for many years, we did not have a January thaw. It has been unbroken weather since December 5th last so that we soon should have a thaw, at least.

Just what all this weather lore is worth can be told better a month or six weeks from now, but here's hoping anyhow, that it's all true.

When Itching Stops

There is one safe, dependable treatment that relieves itching torture and skin irritation almost instantly and that cleanses and soothes the skin.

Ask any druggist for a 35c or \$1 bottle of Zemo and apply it as directed. Soon you will find that irritations, pimples, blackheads, eczema, blotches, ringworms and similar skin troubles will disappear.

A little Zemo, the penetrating, satisfying liquid, is all that is needed, for it banishes most skin eruptions and makes the skin soft, smooth and healthy. The E. W. R. Co., Cleveland, O.

Save The Extra Coal or Gas You Burn on Washday

Save as much as a scuttle of coal; or 15 to 25 cents' worth of gas.

Wash with Fels-Naptha Soap.

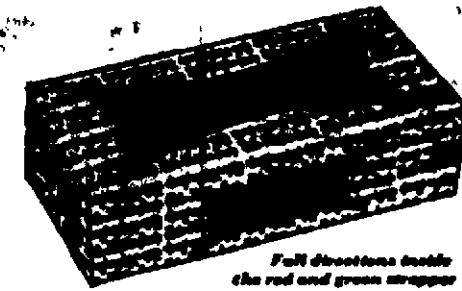
It makes boiling water unnecessary and saves all the extra fuel you need for washday boiling.

Washday without boiling is good economy at any time. But in these days of coal famine and gas shortage, it's almost a civic necessity.

Don't mistake—Fels-Naptha is not an "ice water" soap. No soap is that. But because Fels-Naptha is soap and naptha combined, it cleans quickly and thoroughly in water that is just warm enough to be comfortable to your hands.

Save your fuel next washday—order Fels-Naptha from your grocer to-day.

Boiling water is hard on clothes; washing the Fels-Naptha way makes clothes wear longer. Fels-Naptha saves hard rubbing, too.



FELS & CO., PHILADELPHIA



The daintiest art creations of Gibson and Dennison for your celebration of the day when the little Dan Cupid holds forth. Such a gathering of exquisite novelties has never been shown in this store. Plain rich cards, lacy, filmy old-time valentines, little Cupids and of course the funny ones.

1c to \$1

Kurtz Stationery Store
THE QUALITY SHOP

NOTED ARTIST WILL GIVE LESSONS HERE

R. H. Burfoot, the artist who recently gave an exhibition of painting in the High School, finds it necessary to remain in this section the remainder of the winter.

Having been requested by several people while exhibiting here to give them instructions in painting, he has decided to organize a class in Clearfield.

Mr. Burfoot has had a great deal of experience in teaching, having had large classes in Pittsburgh, Washington, D. C., DuBois and Water, for the past twenty years.

This is an opportunity the people of Clearfield may never have again, to receive instruction from a man of Mr. Burfoot's ability and reputation.

Mr. Burfoot will be at the Clearfield High School next Saturday morning at 10 o'clock and will be to meet all those who are interested in the course.

CHARTER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, A. D. 1918, by Frank Marion, Antonio Crivello, H. M. Kearsy and Venerio Ferrigno under the Art of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation of the 'Gibson and Dennison' company, for the purpose of producing and distributing certain novelties, and for other purposes, and for the purpose of securing the character and object of which is to mine, quarry, extract, bore, dig, etc., and to produce real, lineal, fee simple, or other minerals and substances, the transportation of all said products and their sale, lease, or otherwise, and for the purpose of securing the character and object of which is to mine, quarry, extract, bore, dig, etc., and to produce real, lineal, fee simple, or other minerals and substances, the transportation of all said products and their sale, lease, or otherwise, and for the purpose of securing the character and object of which is to mine, quarry, extract, bore, dig, etc., and to produce real, lineal, fee simple, or other minerals and substances, the 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GLOBE THEATRE

TONIGHT

Special World Brady Feature
Alice Brady with big star cast
in
"THEN I'LL COME BACK TO YOU"
5 fascinating acts

The Grey Ghost
Episode No. 13

Music by the Famous Wurlitzer
Orchestra

Shows start 1, 2:30, 4 — 6:30, 8, 9:30
Admission 10 and 15c

COMING TOMORROW

ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY
Clara Kimball Young with big star
cast in
"EASIEST WAY"
Seven big acts—Seven
Universal Current Events
Up to date

AN ORDINANCE

Providing for an increase in the
indebtedness of the Borough of Clear-
field, Pennsylvania, and an issue of
bonds.

Be it ordained by the council of the
Borough of Clearfield in council regu-
larly assembled, and it is hereby en-
acted and ordained by authority of
the same:

Section 1. That the indebtedness of
the Borough of Clearfield be and the
same is hereby increased in the sum
of Ten Thousand dollars for the pur-
pose set forth in the notice of the
election held January 15, 1918.

Section 2. That twenty-five coupon
bonds of One Hundred Dollars each,
and fifteen coupon bonds of Five Hun-
dred Dollars each, payable in thirty
years from the first day of April
1918, and each redeemable at the op-
tion of the Borough of Clearfield in
ten years from the date thereof, with
interest payable semiannually on the
first day of April and October of
each year on each of said bonds at a
rate of not more than four and one
half per cent. per annum, clear of all
taxes, be issued for said indebtedness
said bonds to be dated the first day of
April 1918.

Section 3. That the form of said
bonds shall be drafted by the Com-
mittee on Finance and shall be sub-
mitted to the council for approval and
the Burgess, President and Secretary
of Council are hereby authorized and
empowered to sign, seal, and on pay-
ment of the money for said bonds to
deliver the same with coupons to the
purchasers.

Section 4. That an annual tax of
one fourth of one mill upon each
dollar of the assessed valuation of the
taxable property of the Borough of
Clearfield, commencing in the year
1918 be and the same is hereby levied
and assessed for the purpose of pay-
ing the interest and principal of said
bonds.

Section 5. That before any of said
bonds shall be issued the President
and Secretary of the council are here-
by directed to file in the office of the
Clerk of the Court of Quarter Ses-
sions of Clearfield county the state-
ment required under the law to be
filed in proceedings to increase the
debt of a municipality.

Section 6. The Committee on
Finance is hereby authorized and di-
rected to negotiate the sale of said
bonds to the highest responsible bid-
der after public notice by advertise-
ment, as provided by the Act of As-
sembly approved July 6, 1917, but no
bid for said bonds at less than their
par value shall be accepted.

Ordained and enacted this sixth day
of February A. D. 1918

J. F. PLETCHER
President of Council

Attest,
J. D. CONNELLY
Secretary of Council
Examined and approved this sixth
day of February, A. D. 1918.
JOHN M. CHASE
Burgess

Something Interesting in the Classi-
fied Section.

Toilet Accessories

Those dainty things that are
just a small item and yet with-
out them milady's toilet seems
incomplete. Talcums, toilet
waters, chamoux, cold creams,
lotions, nail polish, face pow-
ders, perfumes, each has its
part in making the toilette
ideal and there are such a pro-
fusion of them here.

The daintiest of odors and
the charm of quality all add to
this showing of ours a com-
pleteness that is hard to dupli-
cate.

STEWART'S DRUG STORE

WHEN BANKS ARE CLOSED HOLIDAYS THAT DELAY THE WORLD'S BUSINESS

Only 84 Days in the Year in Which
the World's Business is Not
Interrupted Somewhere by
Holidays and Sundays.

CURIOUS FACTS ABOUT THE
WORLD'S HOLIDAYS.
There is no national legal hol-
iday in the United States.
Massachusetts does not ob-
serve New Year's Day as a legal
holiday.
Five Christian countries do not
observe Christmas as a legal hol-
iday.
New Year's Day is the only
holiday observed throughout the
world.
Eleven different dates are ob-
served as New Year's Day in dif-
ferent parts of the world.
International business will be
interrupted by holidays or
Sundays in 281 days in 1918, of
these 281 days being holidays.
This leaves only 84 days in
which universal banking busi-
ness is possible.
November, with 26 holidays in
different parts of the world,
leads the months.
March, with 19, has the few-
est holidays.
Brazil leads the nations of the
world with 84 holidays.
The United States comes next
with 54.

By GARRET SMITH.

W HILE man plays or prays the
world's business will be in-
terfered with on 281 days
during 1918. In other words
there will be only 84 days in this com-
ing year that are not Sundays or ap-
parent holidays in one or more impor-
tant commercial regions of the earth.
The growth of international finance
has made the world's aggregate of
closed days a serious factor and an
expensive one. Not until now, how-



New York City's Financial District
Decorated in Honor of a Foreign
War Mission.

ever has any attempt been made to
compile an exhaustive list of holidays
or the guidance of bankers and mer-
chants. This task has just been com-
pleted by the Guaranty Trust Com-
pany of New York City.

Contrary to the popular notion, the
few democracies of the west enjoy a
greater number of holidays than their
sister nations of the eastern hemi-
sphere. Of the 97 nations or depen-
dencies listed Brazil leads, with 84 hol-
idays. The United States, with 54, is
a close second, although she, unlike
Brazil, practically ignores the church
days. Another popular delusion is
shattered when we find that France
has only 18 formally observed days
and Italy only 24. We had supposed
the Latins always ought to be in this
particular. Among the other belliger-
ents Germany is presumed, will ob-
serve 20 days next year. Great Brit-
ain 16, Japan 8 days and Russia 17.

The United States has no national
holidays. Acts of Congress and Presi-
dential pronouncements in this respect
apply only to the District of Columbia
and the territories.

Among the favorite months of hol-
idays the world over November leads,
with 26 out of its possible 30 days.
May comes next, with 25 and an addi-
tional Sunday not otherwise celebrat-
ed, thus actually tying November in
the number of days closed to business.
March, on the other hand, is the long-
est all around business month, having
only 19 holidays.

New Year's Day is the only holiday
universally observed. But alas it falls
on 11 different dates in different parts
of the globe and some countries ob-
serve more than one of them.

Christmas Day, due to its religious
significance, is not so generally ob-
served as New Year's Day. It has,
moreover, only three different dates.

LOCAL MAN LOSES MACHINE

Councilman Alfred Graham lost a
\$1200 Buick automobile in the fire
which destroyed the Pritchard garage
at Philipsburg night before last.

Gossip for Tonight's Tea Table

Mrs. Flannigan, of Philadelphia
while here in the interests of the
Standard Pattern Co. is visiting her
sister Miss Oler head nurse of the
operating room at the Clearfield hos-
pital.

Mrs. A. L. Moore is spending a few
days in Washington, D. C. prepara-
tory to taking up her residence there
so that she may be with her husband
Lieutenant Moore who will be sta-
tioned there for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Pooley and Mrs.
Will Cadman returned to their home
in Osceola today having been here to
attend the funeral of Mrs. Thomas
Barrett.

The Hospital bridge club will meet
with Miss Ella Goodfellow at her
home on Second street Saturday af-
ternoon at two o'clock.

Thomas Barrett left today for his
home in Haworth, Pa., after being
here to attend the funeral of his aunt
Mrs. Thomas W. Barrett.

Mr. and Mrs. John Barrett and son
Bruce returned to their home in
Ridgway today.

Sam Powell left yesterday for a
business trip to Washington, D. C.

Dr. Stanley Barrett of Wilcox and
father-in-law J. C. Keating of Cler-
mont left today for their respective
homes after being here to attend the
funeral of Dr. Barrett's mother Mrs.
Thomas Barrett.

Frank Alexander of Reynoldsville,
transacted business here today.

James Sheridan of DuBois attended
the K. of C. dance and euchre in the
Dumpling last evening.

James Barrett left today for his
home in Benton, Pa.

Hugh A. Poole has returned to
Clearfield from the south where he
was in the restaurant and pool room
business and will not return there.
He is subject to draft as a Pennsylvan-
ian and will stay here until he is
called to active service.

Mrs. G. A. Stewart and daughters
Gretchen and Doris will leave tomor-
row evening for a weeks visit to her
home at Winburne. Her son Richard
will visit with his aunt Mrs. Barger
of Woodland during that time.

Ed Williams of Bigler was in town
in business yesterday.

Ellis McCracken of Madera, attend-
ed to business in town yesterday.

Mrs. Reuben McPherson has re-
turned from a visit with her brother
t Winburne.

Mrs. Martha James is ill at her
home on Leavy avenue.

Mrs. John James is ill at her home
on Leavy avenue.

Mrs. John James of Philipsburg is
spending the day with relatives here.
R. W. McCracken of Kerrmoor was
in town on business today.

Sergeant Clarence Rishel arrived
home today on furlough from Camp
Lee, Petersburg, Va., to visit his par-
ents Mr. and Mrs. Ashley Rishel.

Miss Estelle Beck is entertaining
her sewing club this evening at her
home on Witmer street.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Chase, Jr., ar-
rived home yesterday from a trip to
New York City.

Russell Howard of DuBois, trans-
acted business in town today.

Miss Grace Keenen of Winburne, is
spending a few days with friends in
town.

L. E. Bush of West Decatur, was
in town on business yesterday.

J. M. Baker of Woodland attended
to business in town yesterday.

Squire James Ruffner of Madera,
transacted business in town yester-
day.

A. K. Green returned to his home
in Coalport last evening after attend-
ing court here the past week.

Mrs. Charles Yost left on the after-
noon train for Baltimore, Md. to
visit her husband who is stationed at
Camp Meade with the quarter mas-
ter department.

C. F. Dutra of LaJone transacted
business in town yesterday.

Mrs. George Fullerton entertained
at dinner yesterday at her home on
West Front street.

D. W. Walker returned this morn-
ing from a trip to Glen Campbell and
Indiana.

Knights Saxophone orchestra will
play for a dance in Osceola this even-
ing.

M. W. Sargent of New York is in
town this week attending to business
in the interests of the Trojan Coal
Company.

Lillian Fulton, little daughter of O.
R. Fulton of Cherry street, enter-
tained seven little friends in honor
of her third birthday, yesterday Feb-
ruary 6.

Delicious refreshments were served
and all reported a good time.

ASTHMA

There is no "cure"
but relief is often
brought by—

VICK'S VAPORUB

Special Subscription Offer---The Designer for One year,

One copy of the *Spring Fashion Quarterly*
including a coupon good for any 15c Standard
Pattern, all for only

75c

We have made arrangement with the Stand-
ard Fashion Co. of New York to renew their

yearly subscription offer. They have sent Mrs.
Flannigan to Clearfield to take charge of this
work for one week. She will be glad to renew all
subscriptions about to expire and take orders for
new ones at the special offer price of 75c.

This offer is good for a short time only.

The Sale of White

Values That Prove Conclusively The White Goods
Value-Giving Supremcy of This Store

On every item in this event a substantial reduction has been made to
make it worth your while to BUY NOW. Plenty stocks still remain for
your selection. Special White Sale prices tell the wisdom of purchasing
now rather than later and in the most conclusive manner.



TO ADD SPECIAL INTEREST TO THIS EVENT WE
ANNOUNCE AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF
WAISTS AT \$1.00

We have put the above headline in large type. And
that is exactly what we wished to impress on your mind.
That the value is so big that under no circumstances should
you allow such an opportunity to slip out of your grasp.

OTHER NEW WHITE WAISTS FROM \$1.50 TO \$5.00

Dozens of pretty new styles of lawn, Madras, fancy
voiles, etc., in high and low necks. Some are trimmed with
dainty lace. Others in tailored ideas. All marked at
special prices for this sale.

"WONDERFUL" BEST DESCRIBES THE NEW MUS- LIN UNDERWEAR DISPLAYS AND PRICES

Fine muslin and nainsook gowns es-
pecially priced from

Ladies' chemises from

Envelope combination suits priced
from

Dainty lingerie petticoats from

Extra size undermuslins from

Ladies' Marcella drawers from

All Philippine hand-made undermuslins greatly reduced.



Final Reduction On All Re- maining Suits at

\$10.00 and \$12.00

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

We will close out every suit in the store at these two prices. Think of buying suits
at these prices. All new styles in dressy and tailored models, warm, fashionable
materials including broadcloths, velours, gaberdines, serges and mixtures.

Be Here Early For They Won't Last Long

A. W. LEONARDSON CO.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

A memorial service will be held at
the Messiah Advent church one mile
east of Kylertown, next Sunday even-
ing at 7 p. m., February 10th in
honor of the late deceased Michael
Brown, a life long member and one
of the founders of the church. These
services will be under the direction of
the pastor Rev. S. A. Farver.

Rudyard Kipling is probably the
best paid of all short story writers.
His price is five hundred dollars per
thousand words.

Spain's government officials are to
get a war bonus of a months salary.

Though the British soldier is known
the world over as "Tommy Atkins"
the name is seldom heard in the Brit-
ish Army itself.



CHICHESTER'S PILLS

145 U. S. MEN AND 65 OTHERS LOST WHEN U-BOAT TORPEDOES TRANSPORT TUSCANIA IN THE DANGER ZONE

By Robert J. Bender

Washington, Feb. 7.—German submarine sea attacks on the transport liner Tuscania resulted in a loss of 145 officers and men—and 65 others, according to official and unofficial reports compiled from war zone reports. The total number of missing from the survivors of the u-boat attack is 210 with 2,187 saved.

As the casualty list dwindled during the early morning hours hope was held out that later reports would increase the number of those rescued.

The shock of the disaster made a mark on official Washington today. Secretary of War Baker issued a statement to comfort "those whose sons and brothers have been added to the nation's heroic dead". Meantime the war government and members of Congress are relentless in their measure to repay Germany for her selfish lust for America's men.

"We must and we will win this war," Secretary Baker declared. This sentiment was expressed by every member of Congress and every other government official. Leading Senators called upon leading citizens of the United States for redoubled efforts to defeat Germany.

"Although a terrible blow, it was a calamity which might be expected during the course of the war," said Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the Senate Military Affairs Committee. "My sympathy goes out to the parents of the splendid American boys who were going to France to fight for liberty for the world."

"We must take this as part of the grim business of war," declared Senator Penrose, of the Senate Naval affairs committee. "It should impress us with the necessity of speeding up our building of airplanes and other means to fight the u-boats. It was a staggering blow but it should be no reason for us to lose hope; it should spur us on."

Navy officials declare revenge is certain.

London, Feb. 7.—The Mayor of Belfast, Ireland, wired Ambassador Page today that every comfort has been given the Tuscania survivors and that the Red Cross had gone to the aid backed "by limited funds".

New York, Feb. 7.—The Tuscania was the last of the Anchor Line's famous transport steamers. All have been submarined. The Transylvania, the sister ship of the Tuscania, was torpedoed while transporting allied troops in the Mediterranean. The Cameronia, California and Caldonia were all victims of u-boats. The Tuscania, which was chartered by the Cunard line in 1915, had several narrow escapes at sea. On one occasion a u-boat was within 20 feet of her.

London, Feb. 7.—The transport Tuscania floated for several hours after she was torpedoed in Irish waters on Tuesday, it was learned today. It was stated that "Americans aboard other vessels witnessed the torpedoing". The fact that the Tuscania was afloat for several hours after the attack is believed to account for the large number of lives saved. Referring to Americans aboard other vessels who witnessed the torpedoing may indicate that the Tuscania was convoyed by American war ships or was one of a convoy of American transports.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Hope and belief that the loss of life in the sinking of the Tuscania will be greatly reduced by later reports was expressed by Brigadier General McIntyre of the War Department today. The General said there were a great many ships in the vicinity of the sinking and that when they all report the American loss will be reduced to a minimum.

Washington, Feb. 7.—A brief message from Rear Admiral Sims early today declared that he believed the Tuscania was still afloat. He indicated that British or American destroyers accompanied her.

New York, Feb. 7.—United Press dispatches from London today indicated that the loss of life to the United States Army in the torpedoing will amount to 145 divided as follows: 43 officers and 102 men. The dispatches indicated that 119 officers and 2,037 men were aboard. The total officers saved were 76 and the total number of men saved was 1,935. In addition the United Press dispatches reported among those saved were 125 members of the crew, three passengers and 42 unassigned, making a total of 2,187 saved. The same dispatches gave the total of lost as 210, of which evidently 65 were not classified as soldiers.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Six hundred survivors of the transport Tuscania have been landed at Larne Island. War Department dispatches this morning announced. The names of 28 survivors landed at Islay also were forwarded. The 600 are believed to be a part of the 1,100 reported landed at Tuscibina and Larne in last night's War Department messages. This dispatch, however, made no mention of survivors being landed at Islay. A dispatch, the first reaching here since last night, declared that British hospital ships were being rushed to the scene of the disaster. British authorities declared that every possible assistance will be given the men. The War Department said that officers had been dispatched from Liverpool, Glasgow and London to render assistance. The American consul at Belfast reported 600 landed at Larne.

VERY FEW ALIEN GERMANS VISITED CHIEF OF POLICE

Chief of Police McHenry is not finding very many alien enemies to register thus far. He got two fellows from the Fourth ward and one from Morrisdale on Monday but has had a "water haul" everyday since. For some unexplainable reason, alien Austrians are not included in the registration.

Three Germans working at Strongach notified McHenry they were coming to Clearfield to register, but United States Marshal Howley, of Pittsburgh, in charge of the work in Western Pennsylvania informed the chief that they must be registered by their nearest postmaster in the absence of a chief of police in their home bailiwick and these men were notified to register with the Postmaster at Grampian.

Three Germans arrested at Curwensville on suspicion some time ago and confined in the jail were registered yesterday by Sheriff Gorman.

NOTICE

Effective Monday, February 11, the time of the Clearfield branch train No. 6404 will be changed to leave Tyrone at 4:15 p. m. and will be scheduled approximately 2 hours and 30 minutes in advance of its present time at all stations to Grampian.

SOLDIERS MUST ALL LEARN TO TWITTER

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—To win the war Uncle Sam's soldiers must be able to sing as well as they can fight. Such is the opinion expressed by the song leaders now working in the American training camps, and who have gathered in this city for a national conference. The conference sessions, which began today and will continue until the end of the week, are being conducted under the auspices of the Commissions on Training Camp Activities of the War and Navy Departments. The purposes of the conference, as stated, are "to exchange experiences, discuss standards, and secure official recognition of music as a military force."

AN EXPLANATORY WORD

On account of all the proceeds of the band concert going to the Red Cross we have waived our rules with regard to front page advertising.

Band Concert

Under The Auspices of

Clearfield Chapter American Red Cross Crescent Band of Curwensville

The Best Band In The Section

K. OF C. DANCE WAS VERY MUCH ENJOYED

The dance and euchre given by the Knights of Columbus in the ball room of the Dimeling last evening for the benefit of the K. of C. war fund was a most delightful social function.

The dance hall was filled to its capacity with a bevy of pretty girls tripping the light fantastic toe with their graceful partners to the excellent strains of Knights' Saxophone orchestra. While the gallery of the ball room was reserved for the euchre players there being twelve tables utilized. The ladies euchre prize which was a beautiful cut glass vase was won by Mrs. John McCormick and the gentlemen's prize a handsome silk umbrella was won by W. O. Moore.

At midnight light refreshments were served after which the dancing was resumed until one o'clock when all departed for their homes.

The whole affair was a decided success both socially and financially, a neat sum having been realized for the war fund.

NEW OFFICERS ELECTED

Women's Auxiliary recently held their election of officers and the following will serve this year.

President, Mrs. Allison O. Smith
1st Vice Pres. Mrs. A. H. Woodward
2nd Vice Pres. Mrs. R. D. Swoope
3rd Vice Pres. Mrs. J. W. Wrigley
4th Vice Pres. Mrs. S. J. Waterworth
5th Vice Pres. Miss Ella Goodfield
Recording secretary, Mrs. W. J. Swoope
Corresponding secretary, Mrs. H. B. Douglas

Mrs. Henry Caldwell and Mrs. Vern McDowell, of Grampian, spent yesterday with Mrs. J. M. McCracken at her home on West Fourth avenue.

High School Auditorium
Feb. 12
Admission 50c

MANY MEETINGS TO BE HELD TONIGHT

Postponed Patriotic week rallies will be held at Morrisdale, Munson, Allport and Hawk Run this week. On account of the bad weather the patriotic rallies at these towns scheduled for last week were postponed to this week. Tonight Rev. Durkee will speak at Hawk Run, John M. Bain at Allport and W. A. Hagerty at Munson. Tomorrow night a big rally is planned for Morrisdale where the addresses will be made by A. B. Chase and G. A. Stewart.

Pocket Billiard Match

Friday, February 8, at 8 P. M.
GEORGE MAKIN
The Expert Billiardist
vs.
EDDIE MCGOWAN
The Local Expert

Admission free. A collection will be taken to be devoted to the Billiard Players' Ambulance Fund

Edwards & Davis
Parlors
MARKET STREET

MR. BETTS SPOKE TO PROBLEMS CLUB

The Modern Problems club held a meeting Tuesday evening in the history room of the high school at which W. I. Betts was their speaker. The subject of Mr. Betts talk was the "Abolishment of Capital Punishment".

The reasons Mr. Betts gave for some people thinking the abolishment not a good thing were:

1. These criminals should be removed from society.
2. They are to be examples to others.
3. To avenge society.

As to the just statement of society should it not help them and not punish.

Then how can killing a man be an example. Do we not make the execution as secret as possible? Is there any loud advertisement of the fact when it happens? No, because as Mr. Betts told us it would be degrading to do so. To avenge society, should society be avenged? What right has man to take life when he cannot give it? Should not society try to correct and not to kill? You must remember that a criminal is human and can be corrected. Many men who after these corrections become good desirable citizens. The prisoners themselves have an attitude of contempt when a man is executed instead of being punished in an other way.

Then, too, we are not placing the punishment on the man but on his family if he has children these carry

this curse through life. The simple fact that their father was executed.

Then again Mr. Betts clearly pointed out by statistics that in 1917 there were 7450 murders committed and only 107 paid the penalty. This did not happen because the persons were not guilty but because it is next to impossible to get conviction when death is the penalty. Society is therefore harboring 7343 criminals who are unpunished today.

The states where capital punishment has been abolished do not have an increase of crimes.

With these facts and questions Mr. Betts left us to judge for ourselves. The club wishes to thank Mr. Betts for his kindness and assure him they receive a great amount of instruction and enjoyed his presence with them.

BOLSHEVIKI MAKES ULTIMATUM TO ENGLAND

Petrograd, Feb. 7.—The People's Commissary are reported to have issued an ultimatum to the British Empire demanding recognition of M. Lutanoff, Bolsheviki ambassador accredited to London. If Great Britain continues in its refusal "stringent measures will be taken against British subjects," it was declared.

ITALIANS BRINGING DOWN PLANES

Rome, Feb. 7.—Fifty-six hostile airplanes have been downed between January 26 and February 6 it was announced today.

SPORT CHATTER

John McGraw is some strategist off the ball field as well as in the big yard. He beat the coal famine by Pinkie Mitchell, the Milwaukee amateur boxer who turned professional, has not startled the boxing world since joining the pros.

WANTED—Woman to do housework by the day. Call 288-2 and ask for Mrs. Davis

SALVATION ARMY A BIG FACTOR IN WAR WORK

Behind The Lines They Keep a Protective Eye On Soldiers Who Go Away From Camp

APPEALING FOR OUR SUPPORT

To meet honest inquiry and even skeptical criticism, The Salvation Army from its Atlantic Coast states headquarters at Philadelphia has issued the following statement:

Philadelphia, Pa., January 1918

With so many and diversified demands being made upon the patriot citizen these days, it is not surprising that inquiries are being made as to just why the Salvation Army, in such a trying hour, seeks to organize a war fund.

Until now, the popular conception in America of the Salvation Army and its work and sphere, has been limited to a somewhat indefinite knowledge of its protection and care of the poor. It has required a great war like the present one to enable us to reach that point in evolution, when the real extent of the Salvation Army's activities and power for good, might be widely heralded. Many people even today are unaware that we have colleges for officers with 1500 students therein; that we have 25,000 trained officers in 56 countries on this earth, working unselfishly day and night for the practical alleviation of human suffering; that we have 10,000 corps at work preaching honesty, cleanliness and faith in Christ; that we have industrial farms for turning convicts into useful citizens and making them assets instead of liabilities to the public; that we have maternity homes, social centers, and lodging houses run at cost, where tens of thousands of homeless men find clean and decent quarters every night. These are but a few of the facts.

The Salvation Army is performing the same work of mercy and serving the same elements for God and mankind in times of war, as in times of peace.

No one organization on earth can adequately serve the interests of all soldiers, sailors and prisoners.

When Europe was first plunged into war, the Salvation Army of England instantly established itself at the camps and behind the firing line, and has been there ever since, with its responsibilities mounting higher and higher as time has progressed. When America finally entered the war, The Salvation Army here, shirking no duty, entered with flag, the men and the nation.

The battle on the front line is terrible; the battle that rages behind those lines is scarcely less terrible. There, temptation, depravity, disease, despondency, hopelessness and despair are entrenched. There The Salvation Army is fighting the battle for a better morale.

The Salvation Army of England has placed 153 recreation comfort and refreshment huts at the front in Europe with the Allies. The Salvation Army of the United States has, since Uncle Sam declared war upon Germany, established 7 such huts for recreation, rest and refreshment, close to the lines in Flanders, and must put 47 more there at once to meet the existing need.

The Salvation Army is today maintaining at the front 77 hotels and naval and military homes, and is handling all told 100,000 men a week. Thousands are being turned away, because we are short of facilities.

Thirty-five ambulances manned and officered by Salvationists are in France and Russia today, while 12 ambulances have been sent over and presented to the government by The Salvation Army of the United States. There are 45,000 members of the Salvation Army under arms and fighting for the allies today and the number grows constantly.

There are over 700 Salvationists, men and women, devoting their lives to war work now at the trenches and in the camps sustaining morale and helping the men. Thousands upon thousands of our women are knitting constantly for the Red Cross.

The Salvation Army at home and abroad, has spent thus far one million

NO MORE POLICE UNTIL AFTER APRIL 1ST

Reports of Board of Health and Shade Tree Commission Heard By Council

FOUR COUNCILMEN ABSENT

Last night's session of the Town Council was attended by eight of the twelve councilmen. President Fletcher presided and many matters of interest to the taxpayers were discussed and disposed of.

Burgess Chase reported collections of \$68 in licenses and fines during January, his report showing that seven men had occupied the looking during the month, four of them having been arrested for being drunk and disorderly.

Tax Collector Jacobs reported collections of \$760.27 during January on 1916 and 1917 duplicates.

Treasurer Whitman reported a balance of \$22,337.18 in the treasury. This amount is divided among the different funds as follows:

General Borough Fund, \$2,550.00; Bond Fund, \$10,789.17; Light and Water fund \$4814.60; Firemen's Relief Fund, \$457.96; Special Improvement funds \$3561.84; Board of Health \$39.31; Shade Tree Commission, \$153.77.

Borough Solicitor Urey presented an ordinance providing for an increase of debt and an issue of bonds in the sum of Ten Thousand dollars as provided for by the special election held January 15th, 1918, to make available \$12,000 for the purchase of new apparatus. The ordinance was read to council and unanimously adopted Burgess Chase approving same for with.

Messrs. Loeble, Stewart, Mr. S. D. Bailey of the Shade Tree Commission, were present and submitted work for the coming year. Mr. Urey presented the following report of last year's activities:

Council of Clearfield Borough Gentlemen:

The Shade Tree Commission of the borough, herewith submit to your Honorable body, their report for the year 1917, as required by the General Act of Assembly and request an appropriation to continue the work of the Commission for the year 1918.

Amounts Received from Various Sources

Source	Amount
Balance in hands of the	
Treas. Jan. 15, 1917	189.00
Amount of Borough Appropriation	450.00
Amount Refund freight, P. R. R.	32.16
Amount received—trees sold and planting	289.58 941.29

Amounts Expended

Source	Amount
Public Spirit printing	5.00
Progressive Pub Co.	32.15
J. C. Barclay postage	8.00
Duffton hardware supplies	2.80
Clearfield Hardware Co.	60.20
Wm. F. Powell, supplies	11.30
John Smith, draying	8.00
D. H. Kester, draying	1.00
W. B. Holmes, freight	41.76
Fred Dem, draying	2.00
E. J. Spence, draying	5.00
E. J. Walther, draying	9.90
Earl Mitchell, labor	35.10
Lex McCloskey, labor	9.00
Willard Horn, labor	16.81
William Lambly, labor	2.00
Elam Brown, labor	17.13
Zenas Shaw, labor	110.44
Lewis Brown, labor	164.80
Jacob Cooper, old hose	2.00
H. Beger, filing saws	3.50
Andoro Nursery Co.	
Trees	250.00
Balance in treasury	183.26
	941.29 941.29

Respectfully submitted
S. D. BAILEY
WM. F. DAGUE
LESLIE STEWART

After some discussion it was decided to appropriate \$300 to the Shade Tree Commission for 1918.

The Board of Health presented a budget for 1918 which calls for an appropriation of \$1625 and same was referred to the Finance Committee for report at next meeting. The Board of Health also made the following report:

Council of Clearfield Borough Gentlemen:

We have had 15 communicable diseases reported this year. They are as follows:

2 cases of measles.

(Continued On Page Five)

(Continued On Page Five)

THE CLEARFIELD PROGRESS

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION BY MAIL
One Year \$3.00 Three Months .75
Six Months \$1.50 One Month .25

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION BY CARRIER
Clearfield, Curwensville and Woudland Per month 40c

Entered at Post Office at Clearfield, Pa., as second class matter.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 7, 1918.

SUSPICION IS WELL FOUNDED

Because innocent looking knitting bags might contain bombs in their capacious depths, Senate gallery doorkeepers have taboored them.

Knitting in the galleries is all very well but the wherewith must not be camouflaged under several yards of bag. Judging from some of the knitting bags we have bravely peeked into the suspicions of the doorkeepers as to contents other than knitting materials is well founded.

OUR FIRST STAGGERING BLOW

The inevitable has happened and for the very reason that we were expectant the blow has not fallen heavily. No doubt the loss will be more keenly felt in the states from which the unfortunate guardsmen came, but the fact that we are not drawn to them by the force of nearness should in no wise minimize our regard for them and the significance of the accident that occurred to them. Thus far we had escaped the dangers of the submarine so far as our troops were concerned and we can imagine the effect this partial victory will have on the German powers who have been untiring in their efforts to sink our troop ships. It is indeed a miracle that so many of our men have been shipped across in safety and this incident should serve to warn us all that the submarine peril is still to be reckoned with in transporting our men to the battle lines of France.

TIGHTEN UP THE SCREWS

A war machine, today, is America. Travelling the road of Success, it is bound for Victory.

With the direction of the machine we have, most of us, little to do. We must trust the man at the wheel of State to drive forward with speed and care.

But with the condition of the machine itself we are implicitly concerned. For its effective operation we are every one of us responsible. Every American is, in fact, an essential part of the mechanism which is to carry the world forward to a new era of liberty.

But the motor, alas, is not yet "tuned up". It rattles badly. Loose and imperfectly assembled, it knocks and overheats.

Why? Because so many of us are still careless and confident, indifferent to our duty as citizens. Last week, for instance, there were reported 537 violators of the lighting regulations in New York. There still are profiteers, still women who knit colored sweaters for their own use, still persons who repeat scandalous rumors, deterring the Cause. Tightwads and slackers still abound. No wonder our war machine is till ineffectual. It needs the regulation of a national conscience.

How then shall we tighten up the screws? This way: Every citizen must see to it that his part is well done. We must stop all leaks—economize in light, coal, wheat, beef and sugar. We must get more mileage, give up pleasure and profit, knit, work, inspire others, insist that all obey the law, and watch out for spies. The motor must have fuel—subscribe to the Liberty Loan! Lubricate the machinery with contributions to the Red Cross!

There is, in short, only one thing upon which we must all concentrate—Success! And Success will not come until every man, woman and child realizes his own vital responsibility in the prosecution of this war as a great crusade for universal democracy.

Are you doing everything in your power to help win the war?—helping in every way and every day? Do you feel that nothing matters except victory? If we do not win—disaster!

When everyone regards his obligations as deeply as if he were an enlisted soldier and fights in his own way the civic battle of patriotism, then, and not till then, will the American war machine bring us to the longed-for end—universal peace.

An Aid To Progress

Business success today is as dependent upon extensive knowledge and capable judgment as upon adequate capital to meet its financial requirements.

An association with this Institution means much more than a mere bank depositing and borrowing connection.

It brings to the solution of financial problems and the furtherance of business plans the extensive knowledge, helpful advice and willing assistance of our Officers.



POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. Jonathan Currier of Grantville, Pa., as a candidate for the office of coroner to be elected at the 21st Congressional district caucus at Clearfield, Centre, Cameron and McKean counties. Subject to the rules of the Republican party. Primary May 21, 1918.

We are authorized to announce the name of Evan J. Jones of Bradford, McKean county as a candidate for Representative in Congress from the twenty-first district composed of the counties of Clearfield, Centre, Cameron and McKean, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Bradford, Pa.

STATE SENATE
We are authorized to announce the name of S. J. Miller of Bigler township, Clearfield county as a candidate for the office of State senator from the 24th Senatorial district of Pennsylvania, subject to the rules governing the Republican party. P. O. address, Madera, Pa.

DOCTORS WILL GO TO PUNXSU TO GET WAR INFORMATION

Members of all the medical advisory boards for Clearfield county, expect to attend a session of advisory physicians in Punxsutawney Friday at which time final instructions concerning their duties will be given by a government physician.

Until that time no action will be taken by the advisory board on any of the cases awaiting consideration at DuoBis. According to the interpretation of the selective service system regulations, the examining board has only the power to accept or reject men and its powers for rejection must be confined to those men who are badly crippled, blind or otherwise obviously exempted from any military service.

The decisions as to general or partial military fitness will be made by the advisory board. The advisory board will also act finally upon every rejection other than those for which the cause is obvious, before it becomes final. This board also acts in an appellate capacity to consider the cases of any man who is dissatisfied with the examination given him by the examining board.

The local delegation to Punxsutawney will be made up of Drs. Stewart, Gordon, Yoney, Frantz and Quigley of Clearfield; Mauk of Woodland, and King, of Curwensville. Chief Clerk John M. Bain will also accompany the medical board, and the examining physicians from District No. 3 will also come down from Houtzdale and go along.

WILL 13 BE OUR LUCK NUMBER AGAIN

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—Here's to good old "Thirteen," and may she help us to win the war! If the United States emerges victorious from the great world conflict in which she is now engaged, and there are none who doubt it, the "unlucky thirteen" superstition will be smashed to smithereens. The number which so many persons are inclined to regard as a "hoax" is in reality the talisman of our country, and has been such since the thirteen colonies banded together to fight for their independence. The original flag of the United States, that is, the original "Old Glory," contained thirteen stars, while the flag of today still carries the lucky number in its thirteen stripes. The seal of the United States has thirteen arrows and thirteen stars. The American eagle has thirteen tail and thirteen wing feathers. The national motto, "E pluribus unum," contains thirteen letters. And let it be remembered the name of the man who stands at the head of the nation in these troublous times, Woodrow Wilson, contains thirteen letters, as does also the name of his chief adviser, Robert Lansing, secretary of state.

SERVICE FLAG OF 1,500 STARS

New York, Feb. 7.—Dedication of a service flag of 1,500 stars, representing the number of local members of the Knights of Columbus who have joined the colors, will be a picturesque feature of the grand military ball to be given in Madison Square Garden tomorrow night by the New York chapters of the well known Catholic organization. Governor Whitman, Bishop Hayes and a number of prominent army and naval officers have accepted invitations to attend.

CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How To Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

When a cold comes on, you know it's coming. You feel the air passages of your head and throat getting sore. You feel a burning, itching, sneezing, and you are struggling for breath. At such a time, you need a remedy that will give you quick relief. Cream for Catarrh does just this. It opens up the nostrils, soothes the inflamed membrane, and relieves the congestion. It is just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or a headache. Cream for Catarrh is the remedy.

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

THEY ALL TELL SAME STORY.

A California man writing to the San Francisco Examiner from Denver, Colo., says:

"I am stopping at the Brown Palace, and in discussing this matter with the proprietor, he tells me that this year has been the most profitable year in the history of the hotel, and they are entirely satisfied with their conditions. In fact, I am dictating this letter in what was formerly known as 'The Spa,' a celebrated saloon in the Brown Palace. It has now the unique distinction of being a dry bar where soft drinks exclusively are sold. The bartender told me this morning that it is more than paying its way."

"The reports I get from Colorado Springs, which is exclusively supported by tourists and visitors, are the same. All of their hotels are full and have been all summer."

"I was very much pleased yesterday, driving out to Lookout Mountain to pass in the city of Golden a large, beautifully equipped old brewery building, now used for the manufacture of malted milk. It was such a surprise to me that I made inquiry and found that this business was more profitable than the manufacture of beer."



Columbia: This continual patching of the map is getting on my nerves! It seems to me the time has come for Uncle Sam and me to make the map all white by a prohibition amendment to the Federal constitution! — The Union Signal.

WHAT IT HAS DONE FOR MAINE.

It is impossible to judge of the complete efficiency of prohibition by surface investigations. One has to know what conditions were before prohibition came to pass, and a study of conditions in Maine previous to the adoption of the prohibitory policy—as recorded by those who witnessed the change which came over the state sixty years ago when it outlawed the traffic—leaves no doubt of such a transformation there at that time as has recently been taking place in such states as Oregon, Washington, Arizona, and the states of the South. By all the accounts of those times the unmistakable signs of shiftlessness and poverty due to drink were everywhere prevalent in Maine. But the one thing that impresses visitors to the state more than anything else today is the thrift, the spic-and-spanness of buildings and grounds, even to the white paling fences which testify to the effect that the prohibition of drink has had upon the population. The savings habit possesses Maine to the startling degree. Street urinals carry pennies to storekeepers and deposit them there until the amount reaches \$1, then the dollar is proudly carried to the savings bank. And the comparative paucity of crimes, the smallness of the state penitentiary, the safety with which women and children visit the state in the summer room the woods and hills of Maine, all point the same prohibition moral.

THE SIGNS IN OHIO.

In 1914 the wet majority in Ohio was 88,122; in 1915, 55,408; in 1917, 1,187. It is significant that not only was the wet majority of the state reduced to remarkable degree, but the large cities made great dry gains. Even Cincinnati gained. Cleveland, Toledo, Youngstown, Akron, Canton, all gave prohibition majorities, and the dry carried Columbus, the capital city. City dwellers as well as rural citizens are beginning to realize that the license policy means economic waste. It is easy to predict the result of Ohio's "next time."

SOME HIGH BAWLS.

The bowl of the distiller when his soul-destroying trade is stopped. The bowl of the brewer who sees that his day is coming. The bowl of the tripper as the price of the highball soars higher and higher. It makes him sore, too. These three bowls lead to three other bowls which hang over the pawnbroker's door. As Hamlet says: "Oh, my prophetic soul, mine uncle." — Temperance.

THE HIGH COST OF LIQUOR.

Speaking of the advanced price of whisky, Harry J. Kattenbach, president of the wholesalers' association, makes this statement, says the New York World: "The wholesalers will pass the new tax on the retailers, and the retailers will pass it on to the consumers. They must do this or go out of business." But the consumer, many of them, is refusing to pay, and saloon patronage is falling off in marked degree. Thousands of saloons are going out of business.

Two hundred thousand dollars is the estimated worth of the gold placed in the teeth of Londoners.

For the thrifty housewife who wants a better cooking oil

MAZOLA

The American woman demands quality—even when she thinks most about economy.

That is one reason why Mazola, the pure oil from corn, for deep frying, sautéing, shortening and salad dressings is now used in thousands of homes—in preference to butter, lard or suet.

And since the Food Administration asks us to save these fats the housewife is especially glad to have a cooking oil which is so pure, wholesome and economical.

Not one drop of Mazola is wasted—it can be used over and over again as it does not transmit taste or odor from one food to another.

It is as pure and sweet as the most delicate food cooked in it—and it makes fried foods more easy to digest—free from greasiness or soginess.

Use Mazola for your salad dressings, too—makes them especially delicious.

Get Mazola from your grocer in pint, quart, half-gallon or gallon tins. The large sizes give greatest economy. Also ask for the free Mazola Book of Recipes—or write us direct.

Your money refunded if Mazola does not give entire satisfaction.

Corn Products Refining Company

17 Battery Place New York



LOCAL SOLDIER BOYS WANT OLD RECORDS

Co. E 305 Ammun. Train

Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.

Dear Friend:

At a meeting recently of the members of this company it was decided by practically unanimous vote that the Victrola presented to our company by popular subscription among the members of the company, was sorely in need of records, and knowing full well that many of our friends "Back Home" had records too numerous to mention laying around in their respective ways, all decided that about the best way to relieve the congestion was by having some representative friend make a canvass among those left at home and forward the above mentioned records to the boys in camp, particularly the boys in Co. E, 305 Ammunition Train, Camp Lee.

These records not only give you the satisfaction of knowing you are doing something more that will surely be credited to your "bit," but also help wonderfully to pass some of the dreary hours that Uncle Sam has so kindly given us for ourselves.

Assuring you that anything you may do regarding the above will meet with hearty commendation from all of us, and hoping to be favored with as early a response as possible we are,

Boys of Company E
For
Capt. Everett A. Todd
Sergeant Clarence Rishel
Corporal Karl E. Redfoot
Music Committee

Persons desiring to send records to Camp Lee may leave them at Sweeney's Wall Paper Store and they will be promptly forwarded.

WAUSAU HOTELMAN ACCUSED

Wausau, Feb. 7.—Gustav Sternberg, a Wausau hotel proprietor who was recently arrested following an investigation by Federal authorities, is to be given a preliminary hearing in court today. He is charged with having made false statements with intent to interfere with the operations of the military and naval forces of the United States.

Have you Read the "Wanted?"

FOR LUMBAGO

Try Musterole. See How Quickly It Relieves

You just rub Musterole in briskly, and usually the pain is gone—a delicious soothing comfort comes to take its place. Musterole is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Use it instead of mustard plaster. Will not blister. Many doctors and nurses use Musterole and recommend it to their patients. They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). Always dependable. 30 and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.00.



Fancy Dress Gingham 25c yard

This is an extra special gingham 30 inches wide and without flaws or damaged spots. A pleasing variety of colors in tan, green and blue plaids. Just the thing to make school dresses for the youngsters.

First Arrivals of Spring Gingham

The early arrivals are beauties, the daintiest of color combinations and the prettiest of dress materials. We've gathered them from the makers of the finest gingham in the country and although the cotton market is nearly bare of such gingham as these we have been fortunate in getting such a goodly supply.

These new arrivals are on tables ready for your inspection.

Ross & Woods

Clearfield Penna.

SURPRISE PARTY

A delightful surprise party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Road last evening in honor of Mrs. Road's mother, Mrs. Sarah Shaw. The evening was spent in talking over old times and reading of the old family record; also some old letters written in 1865—from relatives in Ireland. Mrs. Shaw received a number of presents. At a late hour luncheon was served.

Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Allen Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Garman, Mrs. Ellen Shaw, R. C. Shaw, Mrs. Archie Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Shaw and son, Mrs. Lucy Hennessy and son, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Road and children, Mrs. Fred Lawrence and children, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Livingston and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Young, Jr., Ada Carns, Verma Nelson and John Fenton. At a late hour the guests all departed, wishing Mrs. Shaw many more happy birthdays.

Great Britain is using 200,000 ash trees a year in the manufacture of aeroplanes.

Something Interesting in the Classified Section.

INFORMATION!

Every day we are asked this question: "Can I play Columbia records on my Victor Talking machine?" Here is our answer: "You certainly can and without any extra attachments or trouble."

Furthermore we wish to advise you that you can play Columbia records on the Brunswick or the Rishell Machines just as easily as you can on the Columbia machine.

Have you heard the January releases. There are some dandies. Drop in and have them played for your amusement.

STEWART DRUG COMPANY

News of OUR NEIGHBORS

CURWENSVILLE

Peter O'Laughlin of Grampian road left this week for New York City, where his sister Miss Catherine, a trained nurse, will be operated upon for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Campbell were recent visitors to Lumber City to see the later's grandmother, Mrs. Elizabeth McDivitt who has been on the sick list.

Mrs. D. P. McClure received a box of fine apples from Glyndon, Minn., from her nephew W. E. Tate, who with his son Miles, were recent visitors in Curwensville and vicinity. Mr. Tate, who is employed by the Northern & Pacific railroad, has held a responsible position with that company for the past twenty-five years. The apples were grown in the state of Washington and were in perfect preservation.

Word was received that Miss Sallie Ferguson, formerly of Susquehanna Bridge, died suddenly at the home of her sister-in-law Mrs. George Ferguson in Mahaffey Sunday where she had been making her home for some time.

Miss Hattie Wise and Ed Wise of this place attended the funeral of their brother John Wise, who passed away at his home in New Millport Saturday evening, Feb. 2, aged about 74 years. Services were held in the Lutheran church at that place Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock and was largely attended. The deceased was a life long resident of that vicinity. He is survived by his wife and six children: Mrs. McCorkle, Frank & Joseph, of Altoona, Mrs. Williams and Lemorne, Shawville and Miss Hannah at home. Burial was made at New Millport.

The demonstration at the Grange Hall Tuesday and Wednesday was well attended considering the severe weather and icy sidewalks.

Markable is the patriotic interest shown in the war by the people of the Locust street school as evidenced by the amount of Thrift Stamp bought by them during the past month. This highly commendable record which has been attained largely by the encouragement of their respective teachers is:

First grade \$16.86; Fourth \$122.67, Fifth (first floor), \$79.45; \$65.23. A spirited rivalry has contributed much to the success of this work.

Misses Lula Rougeux and Mary Shade of Clearfield, were the guests of the former's sister Mrs. Vincent DiPalma over Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. B. E. McDivitt, of Lumber City, spent Wednesday with her sister, Mrs. Eric Evans of Irvin Hill.

Two children of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. McKinley are ill of tonsillitis.

Ten of the ladies who registered for patriotic service were summoned to Clearfield hospital last evening for instruction in nursing, etc.

Mrs. M. A. Caldwell accompanied her sister in law, Mrs. William McGowan, who had been taking treatment at the Clearfield hospital, to her home in Tyrone today. Mrs. McGowan is not much improved. Mrs. Caldwell will visit in Altoona and Huntingdon county before returning home.

There will be a business meeting of the W. C. T. U. at the home of Mrs. J. E. Fross Friday afternoon at two o'clock. A good turnout is desired.

An infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Shugarts, of Ridge avenue, died of pneumonia Wednesday noon.

The B. R. & P. shifting engine was derailed at the brick yard Tuesday evening, which delayed work about three hours.

Catherine, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Cook, is ill of diphtheria at her home in Naulton.

The ladies of the Red Cross met yesterday afternoon and were busy engaged in sewing, much work being accomplished.

GRAMPIAN

The patriotic program rendered by the Hepburn school was up to just what its name represented. Much credit is due the teacher and scholars for the interest manifested. The school house was decorated entirely with long chains of red, white and blue.

Painted by the scholars. There was a beautiful American flag poating from the center of the room, which every one of our young patriotic scholars felt an honor to salute. The program was as follows:

Flag salute by the school.
McAdoo's Address. Neva Spencer
President Wilson's Flag Day address. Charlie Curry
Song of the Flag Mrs. E. A. Spencer
Composition on the Flag, Ord Cleaver
Lincoln's Gettysburg Speech
Mary Pentz
Battle Hymn of the Republic School
Signature of the Colors Alice Spencer
Hat-off the Flag Goes By
Marie Thorp
The American Flag Hazel Pentz
My Native Land Leona Spencer
A Man Without a Country
Rebecca Dale Peacher
Address T. E. Moore
The Making of the Flag Don Spencer
Star Spangled Banner School
Flag Salute

Mrs. E. A. Spencer visited at Mrs. J. L. Cleavers Saturday.

Vera Spencer who is teaching at Olanta spent Saturday and Sunday at her home.

Bird Spencer left on Monday for Camp Lee.

Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Spencer Sundayed with Guy Spencer and wife at Strongach.

GARNWATH

Lemoyne Wise was called to Houtzdale on Monday to take the examination for services under Uncle Sam.

Eldon Bell, of New Millport, made our town a visit last Saturday. "Shorty" is off to Houtzdale also.

John Wise, one of our respected citizens, was suddenly called by death last Sunday morning. Mr. Wise was as well as usual on Friday and Saturday morning, but in the afternoon of Saturday his heart began to give way, and notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of his physician, no relief could be given. Mr. Wise leaves behind his wife and four boys and four girls—Lyman, Lemoyne, Frank and Joseph; Mrs. George Withrow, Mrs. Lizzie McCorkle, Mrs. Richard Williams and Miss Hannah. Interment at New Millport Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fleck attended the funeral services of John Livingstone last Saturday at Clearfield.

We learn that Boardman is pugilistically on the map. We regret that such valuable energy could not be used against the Kaiser.

John Wilson and wife of Wimber visited with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hamilton over Sunday.

We are glad to learn that Chancey Norris, son of Wade A. Norris, of New Millport, has entered Drew Theological Seminary. New Millport has sent out a number of ministers. Success to you and yours, Chancey.

John Gray, brother of Superintendent James Gray, has severed his connections with the Carnwath Coal Company and taken up work at Latrobe where he will move his family in a few weeks.

IF BACK HURTS BEGIN ON SALTS

Flush your kidneys occasionally if you eat meat regularly.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally. Says a well known authority: Meat, fat, and acid which clog the kidney pores so they suddenly filter or strain only part of the waste and poisons from the blood then you get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headache, indigestion, nervousness, constipation, dizziness, sleeplessness, bladder disorders come from sluggish kidneys. The moment you feel a dull ache in the loins or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy or offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of burning, get about four ounces of Dooley's Kidney Pills. These pills are made of the finest ingredients and are guaranteed to cure all kidney troubles. They are sold in all drug stores and by mail. Dooley's Kidney Pills are made of the finest ingredients and are guaranteed to cure all kidney troubles. They are sold in all drug stores and by mail.



Best Values of The Year For The White Sale

LEITZINGER BROS. "THE BIG STORE"

Terms Cash On All White Sale Merchandise



Annual Sale of White

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8 TO SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16

War conditions have brought about great changes in merchandise.

This season's WHITE SALE will demonstrate in a practical way the effect a world war has brought about in staple merchandise. Fewer linens—more cottons—many new lines of goods never shown before, and all at higher prices. Yet the prices quoted for this sale are much less than the prices will be on our

next buying for Spring Season of 1918. In addition staple merchandise drawn from surplus bought in the past will be placed on sale at prices that will average 1-4 to 1-3 less than today's buying which means a saving to our White Sale customers that we will not be able to offer again this year.

SPLENDID VALUES AT THE EMBROIDERY COUNTER

Those who prefer doing their sewing for spring before the warm weather is here will do well to take advantage of this sale for lace and embroidery for trimmings.

1000 YARDS FINE CAMBRIC EMBROIDERY

Special For The White Sale
Four widths, 5, 9, 18 in. wide. A good form embroidery. 10c Per yard

18 IN. CAMBRIC FLOUNCING

25c and 30c value, yard 19c
Better grades, yd. 35c to 65c

FINE FRENCH ORGANDY FLOUNCING

18 in. wide, yd. 30, 35, 39, 50c
7 in. wide, yd. 75c to \$1.25

LACES FOR WHITE SALE

Point de Paris style, 3/4 10c to 6 in. wide, special
English cotton 5c, 8c, 10c
Torchons, yard

Linen torchons from our surplus stock. On 10, 12, 15, 18c sale, yard

MADERIA EMBROIDERY

A new line of insertions and edges to match 10c to 18c yard

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Prices on all staple domestic cottons show strong advances yet they are lower by 1-4 to 1-3 than they will be for the spring season.

We will give our White Sale customers the lowest prices of the season on muslins by the yard, bleached and unbleached sheeting, pillow tubings all widths, new percales, calicoes, ginghams and seersuckers, cotton toweling and soft finished cambrics.

THE NEW WASH GOODS FOR SPRING WILL BE ON DISPLAY

Showing the new fabrics and colorings for the coming season.

The showing of these new goods is always a special feature during the White Sale.

TABLE LINENS—NAPKINS

We still have on hand some all linens—not many. What we have are far below present day prices.

OUR NEW COTTON DAMASKS

Are good substitutes. Some specially good values ranging in price from 29c to \$1.25 yd. A strong mercerized damask by the yard is one of our best values. Napkins to match.

A GREAT SALE OF TURKISH AND COTTON HUCK TOWELS

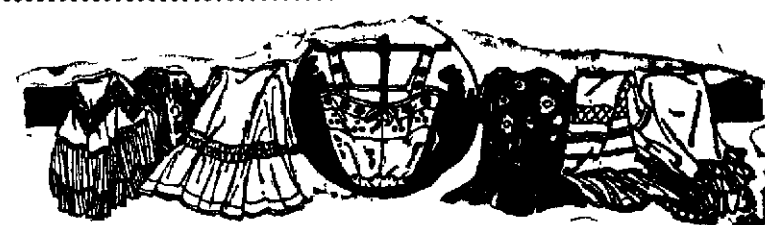
The prices for the White Sale are far below the market prices today.

We also have a few linen towels to close out during this sale.

Special weight and size huck towels for hotel purposes.

SALE OF BED QUILTS

Crochet and Marseilles quilts, plain and cut corners. Also scalloped for single and double beds. Plain white and colored stripe dimity spread are shown in all sizes. These attractive spreads are growing more in favor every season.



LADIES' MUSLINWEAR

Some wonderful values are shown for our 1918 White Sale. High grade choice garments at prices that cannot be replaced later on.

The far-sighted buyer cannot do better than to supply their need at this sale.

CHOICE GOWNS UNDERPRICED

Cambric gowns, lace trimmed, low neck, short sleeves. Regular 75c value 50c

FINE NAINSOOK GOWNS

Lace and embroidery trimmed. Low neck, short sleeves. Special 59c

Extra fine nainsook gown. Fancy lace trimmed. Special for White Sale 69c

LADIES' FINE CAMBRIC GOWNS

V-neck embroidered and tucked trimming, long sleeves. Special 79c

Fine nainsook gown. Regular \$1.10 value at 88c

Ten special styles in fine nainsook and cambric, fine lace and embroidery trimming. A special purchase for the White Sale 1.00

50 Dozen gowns. New this season. 1.25 to 4.50

BILLY BURKE PAJAMAS

Pink batiste and crepe cloth. 1.50, 2.25, 2.50

One and two piece styles. Special 75c value

LADIES' WHITE SKIRTS

Long cloth, embroidery and tucked flounce. Regular 50c

LADIES' WHITE SKIRT

Long cloth, soft finished quality, embroidered flounce, lace insertion, 90c value 69c

LADIES' SKIRTS

Ten new styles. Every one priced at a saving. 98c

Special at 1.25

Ladies' white skirts at 1.25

Styles, materials and trimmings as good as we have ever shown during any previous White Sale. A good assortment of styles to choose from 1.25

White pique skirts 1.25

White sateen skirts 1.50

Ladies skirts, 25 styles, choice new designs. 1.29 to 5

Special reduced prices for the White Sale, each 1.29 to 5

LADIES' DRAWERS

Excellent Qualities—Low Prices

Ladies' cambric and muslin drawers, lace and embroidery trimmed, 2 styles 29c

Two styles drawers. Regular 50c value 39c

Pink batiste bloomers. Special 50c

Ladies' pink crepe bloomers 75c

Ladies' wash satin bloomers 3.50

LADIES' MARCELLA DRAWERS

Circular styles, pair 65c to 1.50

These garments are well known for good quality and workmanship.

NEW ENVELOPE COMBINATIONS

Two styles. Lace and embroidery trim 65c and 79c

med. 98c to 2.00

Other styles, mostly camisole tops, each 98c to 2.00

CREPE DE CHINE AND WASH SATINS

Dainty trimmings of lace and embroidery, 2.50 to 4. each

SILK CAMISOLES

Wash satin and crepe de chine, 40 styles. White and flesh color. Special for White Sale, each 98c

Other styles 1.50 to 2.50

PHILIPINE HAND-MADE AND EMBROIDERED UNDER GARMENTS

Made from a fine soft finished material. The exquisite workmanship compares favorably with the higher priced French garments.

Gowns, special 1.98 to 4.98

Combinations to match 1.98 to 3.98

ODD LOT OF LADIES' MUSLIN WEAR

At Reduced Prices

Ladies' open drawer combinations. \$1.00 values 79c

at 1.25 to 1.50 value at 98c

Other styles 1.25

CORSETS

Special For The White Sale

Fifty-five Warner's, Redfern's and La Resista corsets. Regular 98c to \$1.98 \$1.50 to \$5.50 models, now On sale in the Millinery Sales Room.

DAINTY SHIRTWAISTS IN THE SALE OF WHITE

20 Dozen fine voile waists with fine edging and embroidery trimming. 1.25 98c to \$1.50 qualities at

EXTRA SIZE WAISTS

White voile, sizes 46 to 52. 1.48

Special at

FINE VOILE WAISTS

Semi-tailored style, new style collar—large single button. Closing \$2.00 1.59

value at

WHITE TUB SILK WAISTS

High and low necks, \$2.50 1.89

value at

NEW LACE CURTAINS

Prominent in the White Goods Sale is the display of new curtains for spring, showing all the new styles of window draperies and curtains in scrims, marquisesettes, Brussels and flit nets, Irish points and Nottingham.

During the White Sale with the new stock to choose from is a splendid line to make your selections of curtains for your home—prices too are lower at this time.

SECOND FLOOR:—

New silk new serge and new voile dresses for spring in navy, copen, tan and grey.

A special display of new suits and new coats.

INTERESTING ITEMS THROUGHOUT THE DIFFERENT PARTS OF STORE

SHOE DEPT:—

2000 Pairs shoes—men's, women's and children's—odd lots. Excellent quality. Regular prices of these shoes are anywhere from \$2.25 to \$10.00. Sale prices:—

For children's 69c to 1.79

Boys' shoes 1.98

High grade girls' shoes 2.00

Women's 2.98, 3.48, 5.5, 7.75

A lot of men's rain coats 2.98

A lot of men's dress shirts 79c

Men's mufflers one-fourth off.

DRESS GOODS COUNTER:—

Special display for White Sale of new fabrics for spring—silks, cotton and light woolen materials for waists and dresses.

A special crepe de chine 40 in. wide. \$1.75 value at, yard... 1.40



Classified Ads For Everybody

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A cook at the St. Charles hotel. J7-1f

WANTED—A place to work in a small family. Apply Progress. F6-3tp

WANTED—2 girls at the Leonard House. J11fc

WANTED—A woman to do washing preferably one who can come in the mornings. Apply 4 Fourth street or call H. & C. 225x2 F6-2c

WANTED

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED—DON'T MATTER IF BROKEN I pay \$2 to \$15 per set. Also cash for old gold, silver, and broken jewelry. Send by parcel post and receive check by return mail. Will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval of my offer. L. Mazer, 2007 So. 5th St., Phila., Pa. J16-5w-pd

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Buescher clarinet, b. fice.

flat, high pitch. Inquire Progress of.

FOR SALE QUICK—I am drafted and must sell my teaming outfit. Consists of team weighing about 2500 pounds, wagon, sleds, harness, and everything for a teamster's complete outfit. Can be seen at my barn at 488 West Front street. Guy Fenton. H. & C. phone 409x2. F6-2tp

FOR SALE OR RENT—House and lot situated in Hillside. Frame house 7 rooms, city water, large garden, fruit trees. Also fertile farm in Girard township, near Bald Hill and Surveyor mines, 103 acres. House and barn. 85 acres, cleared, 18 acres wood lot. Good water. Apply Jack C. Graham, Clearfield, Pa. F1-6tp

LOST

LOST—Somewhere between Pooler's store and Linden street, a diamond lavallier. Reward if returned to Progress office. F5-3t-pd

LOST—Many a sale of something that you thought was useless and threw away. Someone could have used it. Ask the Progress Adman.

LOST—Pearl ring, Saturday evening between Leonardson's store and Junior High school building on either Market or Front street. Liberal reward for return to the Progress office. J28-1f

LOST—Between the Susquehanna College of Music and Sixth street, East End, a lady's gold watch with the initials P. H. C. together with a chain and locket with the initials T. F. Reward if returned to Progress office or call H. & C. 410. F4-1w

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Store room and fixtures, with dwelling on second floor. Opposite P. R. R. station. Will rent both together or separately. Call on premises or see Samuel Toney, Clearfield. F6-1wc

ARRESTED IN HARRISBURG

The colored man who cleaned out the locker at Jordans cafe last December and who beat Chief McHenry ninetyseven yards in a hundred dash on Daisy street following the commission of the crime was arrested in Harrisburg Monday. The coon had stolen forty different coats before the capital city police rounded him up. He confessed to operating in Clearfield.

Canada has only two inhabitants for each square mile of her vast territory.

You

Cannot tell when your time may come and you cannot afford to take chances. Get a policy from

Holmbold & Stewart
Snyder Block

Story of a Russian Rising

By WARREN MILLER

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

I am a Russian; I served three years in a Siberian prison; I escaped in time to join the revolution that deposed the czar who sent me to that horrible life; consequently I have but one thought, to see my country under such a government as will give her freedom within and save her from being enslaved by another imperial master from without.

Being in Petrograd soon after the last revolution, I went to a man who was a member of the provisional government, told him how I had planned and executed my escape from prison and asked him if there was any work I could do to serve my country in her struggle for the preservation of that liberty she had so suddenly grasped.

"You are just the man we want," he said, "for a certain purpose. In Moscow there has secretly arrived a man from New York who is a leader among a certain class of fanatics, or rascals, I am not sure which. We believe that he has come over here to take advantage of the clamor of our simple peasants for the land to work for an anarchistic movement. We can do nothing to head him off without a definite knowledge of his object. You can serve Russia best by going to Moscow, representing yourself a friend of that man's cause, getting his plans from him and bringing them here to the provisional government."

I accepted the commission and went to Moscow. The man whose confidence I was to attempt to win still lives and I do not care to mention his name, nor that name should be known in this connection. I have no desire to receive a thrust in the back in return for what he would call my treachery. I shall call him Scoraloff.

When I reached Moscow I found that Scoraloff was keeping very dark. I represented myself to a woman as a Red and she being a Red herself gave me her confidence. In her enthusiasm for the cause she took me to Scoraloff and introduced me as a helper of their cause. I will not dwell upon how I won her confidence. It is enough to say that I won it.

When I had learned all that I wanted to learn of this communistic plan, I suggested that I would be glad to carry any orders Scoraloff might have for those associated with him in Petrograd. In this I made a mistake. My object was to be passed back to the capital in order to furnish the information I had gained to the provisional government; but I saw by Scoraloff's expression that he suspected me of being a spy. However, his suspicion was apparent only for an instant. He gave me a password that would enable me to go to the capital without being stopped by any of his conspirators.

Scoraloff really wished a messenger he could trust and gave me a letter written in his own hand to his chief abettor in Petrograd containing numerous instructions. Before setting out on my return journey I read the letter and was disappointed that no date was mentioned for the rising.

I had not gone far on my journey when I felt some one touch me on the shoulder, and turning, saw a man who ordered me to follow him. I did not know whether he was a government official or a Red. I had a pass on my person signed by an officer of the government for all loyal persons to pass me and assist me in official business. I suspected that this was a Red so I gave him the Red password. He paid no attention to it, but took me to a house in the lower part of Moscow and led me to the top story, where, opening the door, I was ushered into a room in which sat a man at once I knew to be a Red. No one but a Red would have been lodged in such a place. My life was at stake, for in case I was searched the order of the government would be found and would stamp me for a spy on the Reds.

The man before whom I was taken went about an examination of me very adroitly. He said that he had received an order from Scoraloff to intercept me for the purpose of adding to the instructions he had given me. I was invited to take a seat and received a pumping to discover whether I was as I pretended a Red or a government spy. I coolly asked the man's permission to smoke and having received it produced a box of cigarettes which I offered to him. He took one, I another. I struck a match, held it to him, then to my own, and we began to smoke.

After a verbal examination he told me that he had no doubt that I was what I purported to be, but Scoraloff's orders to search me were peremptory. I was stripped, inspected and every article of my clothing was carefully examined. Nothing was found to incriminate me and after a hearty shake of the hand I was suffered to go my way.

Why was it that my voucher from the government was not found?

Because it was written on the wrapper of the cigarette he had smoked. While he was pumping me he was burning the only evidence against me.

I arrived without further interference at Petrograd and warned the government against the danger that threatened it; but I could not give the date of the proposed uprising and found those at the head of affairs disposed to rely on moral suasion. Therefore my trip was of no avail.

Had the man who interviewed me not been a smoker I would not have had to tell this story.

One of the best examples of natural camouflage is furnished by the zebra, which, owing to its stripes, fades into the tall grass where it retreats from the hunter.

Attending to Our Knitting



There is no prospect now of a respite from the necessity to knit and if such a respite were in sight there are many women who would not take advantage of it. This knitting for the soldiers turns out to be a fascinating occupation that quiets the nerves and satisfies the heart's desire to do something worth while.

There is no end to the demand for warm socks, for scarfs and sweaters and helmets, and there is no limitation to the willingness of women to make them; so we are destined to go on knitting. Even the end of the war will hardly see the end of our devotion to the good, old-fashioned art. By that time we shall have become addicted to it—and also to the necessity of being useful.

The knitting bag is the outward and visible sign of our patriotic industry and every day brings out new ones. The last arrivals are somewhat smaller than the sweater bags that were so numerous in the summer and fall followed by knitting bags patterned after them. Satin and ribbon are used for making many of these new bags. In plain and printed weaves and in broad and embroidered patterns. They are designed so that they can be easily carried on the arm and to make the knitting so accessible that everywhere their wearers sit down for a quarter of an hour, or even less time, the knitting goes faithfully on. Three ribbon bags are shown in the group illustrated. The largest bag is made of rose-colored ribbon in five strips, herringbone-stitched together. The end strips are trimmed in a curve and the edges are finished with a narrow plaiting of inch-wide satin ribbon matching

the bag. Small rings with cover of crocheted silk floss suspend the bag from large metal ring handles.

The bag at the lower left of the picture is made of black satin ribbon set at each side of a handsome broadened ribbon, with black ground and flowers in many rich colors. It is suspended from two narrow metallic rings, one of them set with a few mock jewels in colors. A handsome black silk tassel finishes each end of this dignified bag. Wide black velvet ribbon at each side of a richly embroidered satin ribbon serves to make the handsome bag at the right. The trumpet flowers embroidered in red silk in a black ground are enriched with silver threads entwining their stems and foliage and brightening the blossoms. This bag is lined with soft green satin and is suspended from large satin-covered rings.

Julia Bottomley

Rich Shades of Color.

Among the colors which dyers have produced of late are the various shades of red, including beetroot. They have also found an odd purple. These shades will be seen largely in winter tailored suits, and in millinery they are attractive, for nearly every woman can wear a velvet hat in the beetroot shade. If a gray gown is liked it need not be all gray. There are many colors that can be used with it. Certain shades of blue are effective, and with gray will go violet, heliotrope, salmon, watermelon pink and flame red.

UNDER THE CAMOUFLAGE

Intimate War Experiences and Observations of

LOWELL MELLETT

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

Paris, Dec. 4.—It was shortly after 11 a. m. when I reached the office of No. 1, the Bureau for Surveillance of Foreigners. The concierge explained that everybody had gone to lunch at 11 and wouldn't be back until 2. It was 12 when I reached No. 2, the Prefecture of Police, in the City. Everybody had gone to lunch. I went to lunch.

No. 1, being prompt and business-like, had managed to get back to work after the three-hour lunch period and he put his stamp on my passport without further delay. No. 2 later did likewise and by 4.30 the last of the three, the British Consulate, had been passed. The train left at 5 o'clock. It couldn't be done, since the ticket had to be bought, none being sold without passports that satisfy the ticket seller, and no taxi in Paris could cover the remaining ground in half an hour. I got out in the morning.

Saw the Latin Quarter of tradition tonight. Wader knew a place. It is called the Cafe Duret and is located at 8 rue de Valenciennes.

Four great husky women run the place and the romance of it is supplied by the purple past each is supposed to possess. They have managed to preserve its atmosphere despite the war and the long wall seats on each side of the room were occupied by joyous men and girls of the sort always described in stories of the Quarter. The men, however, were in uniform for the most part; severe straight coat collars made flowing tics impossible and military barbers had done for the long hair that is supposed to distinguish artists.

Also, it was a mighty fine dinner.

Round the corner was a cabaret. Wader explained that Paris cabaret artists are mostly of the male persuasion and we passed it up. It does seem that this is war-work that might be entrusted to the other sex.

Visited Comedie Francaise, where Maurice de Feraudy, said to be the legitimate successor to Coquelin, was playing the title role in "Folies." His skillful comedy was a delight. Mlle. Cecile Sorel, feminine star, is a composite of Mrs. Piske and Leslie Carter, the latter contributing chiefly red hair and emotional vibrations. Mlle. Sorel's clothes, which are said to set the fashions in Paris, were wonderful; but if Mrs. Fiske lived in Paris I believe there'd be a readjustment of casts at the Comedie.

The famous premeditated fayer was dark, but the guests strolled about it.

dodging the marble statuary, between the acts. It formed a weird experience.

Though it was the fashionable night, all men were in business clothes, or something distinctly not evening dress. London's shining shirt fronts are taboo here for the period of the war. The women likewise observed the rule against elaborate theatre toilettes. I had heard that this rule simply designated the distance that a gown might be open at the throat, and that one result had been to produce many marvelous V-shaped backs. Apparently there's nothing in that report.

Harve, Dec. 5.—Rode down to Havre with Capt. Bregna, of the Italian military mission in London.

"The German invasion may prove the salvation of Italy," he declared. "I don't believe anything could have united the country as this invasion has done."

The train was some time winding into the aged town of Rouen after the church spires of the city had long been in view. I talked with a Rouen citizen and found him anxious to correct one impression I'd brought from Paris.

"If you've been eating in Paris restaurants," he said, "please don't think that is the way all France is living. If it were it would be robbery for France to accept food supplies from America or anywhere else. Something ought to be done about the extravagance of Paris restaurants. It surely gives American visitors the wrong idea."

He said his own townspeople while not in actual want, seldom had an opportunity to forget the need for economy.

"Of course," he said "France is in better position to take care of herself in the matter of food than some other countries are—England, for instance. There is practically no land going unused in France."

An Australian officer standing by interpolated a remark.

"There's plenty of it going to waste in England," he declared. "I'm wondering when they'll ever get around to cutting up some of those sacred old estates that are no good for anything but hunting and golf."

Arrived around Havre with Conger, who in his A. P. days helped Caud Ackerman and the Kaiser to keep Berlin's public eye. He's on his way to become a captain or a major something.

Save Your Cash and Your Health

CASCARA QUININE

The standard cold cure for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—cures cold in 24 hours—grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. Costs less, gives more nerve punch. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

NO MORE POLICE UNTIL AFTER APRIL 1ST

(Continued From Page One)

7 cases of German measles
5 cases of chicken pox.
1 case of scarlet fever.
Have fumigated 6 cases of German measles and 5 of chicken pox.
Have under quarantine at the present time:
2 cases of measles.
2 cases of German measles.
1 case of scarlet fever.
Report that a family in our borough was using river water for drinking and cooking purposes has been investigated. The trouble between the Water company and property owner has been adjusted and the water has been supplied to the tenant.

Have had three other complaints on account of broken pipes and drains and have served notice on the property owners to repair the same at once.

The Public Safety committee made a report on the proposed increase in the police force and recommended that one additional man be added on April 1st.

The report precipitated a lengthy discussion in which Burgess Chase and about all the councilmen participated. The Burgess said he felt the town was in need of better police protection and believed two additional men were needed but that he would have to be satisfied with what the council gave him and would do the best he could with the force he had, the chief qualification he would require of the new men was that they must be sober, moral men.

It was finally decided to postpone any action on the addition to the police force until after April 1st.

Council then adjourned to meet Wednesday evening, February 20th at 8 o'clock.

PATRIOTIC DAY AT PLYMPTONVILLE SCHOOLS

The Plymptonville schools had a fine patriotic service on Friday last as their contribution to patriotic week in Clearfield county.

An entertaining program consisting of patriotic songs and selections by the children was added to by fine addresses by S. C. Read, of Lawrence township and John M. Bain of Clearfield.

It was a most enjoyable afternoon and the teachers Misses Ruth Ogden and Mary Schrote deserve great credit for the manner in which they arranged and carried out their program.

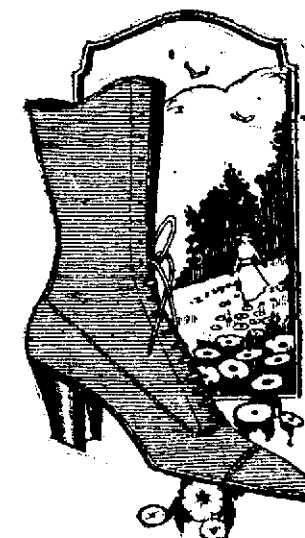
MET AUSTIN IN PARIS

Word has been received from William Pentz that he has landed safely in Italy, having been transferred there recently from France. He is a lieutenant in the Hospital corps, and has his headquarters at present at Milan. While in Paris he accidentally came across a man by the name of Austin, from Clearfield, whom he knew quite well and has a large acquaintance in this city.

We encountered Brand Whitlock, Minister to Belgium, just departing from a pleasant old house in an obscure street. The House proved to be the temporary U. S. legation to Belgium.

Whitlock somehow doesn't look much older than he did when mayor of Toledo, and for that matter, not a great deal older than when secretary to Governor Altgeld of Illinois. His hair is quite gray, but there is still a boyish light in his eyes, and his smile is the same slow, easy smile of old and his figure is as straight and slim as that of a Kuppenheimer boy. Still, I noticed when a bell at the gate rang sharply he started, as if from a physical shock. Belgium perhaps did not leave his nerves unimpaired.

Wanted to ask him what he thought Gov. Altgeld's attitude would have been had he lived to see America's present fight with his Fatherland; but Mrs. Whitlock appeared all gloved and to escort him on the daily walk which he said she enforced as a relief from the considerable burden of his work.



Advance Showing of New Spring Shoes

By anticipating the joys of early Spring. Borrow from Miss Springtime the brightest of her charms—dainty footwear. We have any number of smart attractive spring boots in the newest styles that will delight you.

High Louis heel street shoe of gray kid. It is a shade that is new and sure to be popular.

Cuban heel, narrow toe, tapering last. Made up in beautiful shades of dark brown kid.

The new shade of field mouse. This season's most popular boot.

\$8.50

Many other new Spring models in all the wanted shades, ranging in prices from \$5 to \$7.50

Brown's Boot Shop

Clearfield
DuBois Indiana Punxsutawney

In certain of the rural districts of which the hole is closed. The whoop, England the people have a curious belief, according to their belief, will vanish with regards to whooping cough, in three days under this treatment. A lock of hair is cut from the sufferer's head, and put into a hole bored in the bark of a mountain ash, after ad in the Classified section.

Valuable Booklet Free

It contains information that will help you manage your finances to much better advantage. Write for a copy. There is no obligation.

Pittsburgh Deposit & Title Co.
331 Fourth Ave Pittsburgh, Pa.

Ice Creepers

Never Needed Them Worse Than Now

We have the creeper that will save you many a fall. With the pavements in their present condition you can get a fall that will possibly cripple you for life. Don't take a chance. Get a pair of these creepers.

Newark Creepers For Men and Women

Have straps that come up over the instep. Strap on and stay on. Four oil-tempered spikes that get a firm grip on the ice and insure your footing. Adjustable for heel size so that they may be worn on any size shoe. Complete with straps for the pair.

40c pair

Kennebec Creepers

These creepers fasten on the shoe heel with a pointed set screw and have five extra long oil-tempered steel spikes that dig in deep. The spikes can't break off and the creper will not come off the foot.

50c pair

WILLIAM F. POWELL

SECOND STREET CLEARFIELD, PA.

GLOBE THEATRE

TONIGHT

Special World Brady Feature
Alice Brady with big star cast
in
"THEN I'LL COME BACK TO YOU"
5 fascinating acts

The Grey Ghost
Episode No. 13

Music by the Famous Wurlitzer
Orchestra

Shows start 1, 2:30, 4 — 6:30, 8, 9:30
Admission 10 and 15c

COMING TOMORROW

ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY
Clara Kimball Young with big star
cast in
"EASIEST WAY"
Seven big acts—Seven
Universal Current Events
Up to date

AN ORDINANCE

Providing for an increase in the
indebtedness of the Borough of Clear-
field, Pennsylvania, and an issue of
bonds.

Be it ordained by the council of the
Borough of Clearfield in council regu-
larly assembled, and it is hereby en-
acted and ordained by authority of
the same:

Section 1. That the indebtedness of
the Borough of Clearfield be and the
same is hereby increased in the sum
of Ten Thousand dollars for the pur-
pose set forth in the notice of the
election held January 15, 1918.

Section 2. That twenty-five coupon
bonds of One Hundred Dollars each,
and fifteen coupon bonds of Five Hun-
dred Dollars each, payable in thirty
years from the first day of April
1918, and each redeemable at the op-
tion of the Borough of Clearfield in
ten years from the date thereof, with
interest payable semiannually on the
first day of April and October of
each year on each of said bonds at a
rate of not more than four and one
half per cent. per annum, clear of all
taxes, be issued for said indebtedness
said bonds to be dated the first day of
April 1918.

Section 3. That the form of said
bonds shall be drafted by the Com-
mittee on Finance and shall be sub-
mitted to the council for approval and
the Burgess, President and Secretary
of Council are hereby authorized and
empowered to sign, seal, and on pay-
ment of the money for said bonds to
deliver the same with coupons to the
purchasers.

Section 4. That an annual tax of
one fourth of one mill upon each
dollar of the assessed valuation of the
taxable property of the Borough of
Clearfield, commencing in the year
1918 be and the same is hereby levied
and assessed for the purpose of pay-
ing the interest and principal of said
bonds.

Section 5. That before any of said
bonds shall be issued the President
and Secretary of the council are here-
by directed to file in the office of the
Clerk of the Court of Quarter Ses-
sions of Clearfield county the state-
ment required under the law to be
filed in proceedings to increase the
debt of a municipality.

Section 6. The Committee on
Finance is hereby authorized and di-
rected to negotiate the sale of said
bonds to the highest responsible bid-
der after public notice by advertise-
ment, as provided by the Act of As-
sembly approved July 6, 1917, but no
bid for said bonds at less than their
par value shall be accepted.

Ordained and enacted this sixth day
of February A. D. 1918

J. F. PLETCHER
President of Council

Attest,
J. D. CONNELLY
Secretary of Council
Examined and approved this sixth
day of February, A. D. 1918.

JOHN M. CHASE
Burgess

Something Interesting in the Classi-
fied Section.

Toilet Accessories

Those dainty things that are
just a small item and yet with-
out them milady's toilet seems
incomplete. Talcums, toilet
waters, chamoux, cold creams,
lotions, nail polish, face pow-
ders, perfumes, each has its
part in making the toilette
ideal and there are such a pro-
fusion of them here.

The daintiest of odors and
the charm of quality all add to
this showing of ours a com-
pleteness that is hard to dupli-
cate.

STEWART'S DRUG STORE

WHEN BANKS ARE CLOSED HOLIDAYS THAT DELAY THE WORLD'S BUSINESS

Only 84 Days in the Year in Which
the World's Business is Not
Interrupted Somewhere by
Holidays and Sundays.

CURIOS FACTS ABOUT THE
WORLD'S HOLIDAYS.
There is no national legal hol-
iday in the United States.
Massachusetts does not ob-
serve New Year's Day as a legal
holiday.
Five Christian countries do not
observe Christmas as a legal hol-
iday.
New Year's Day is the only
holiday observed throughout the
world.
Eleven different dates are ob-
served as New Year's Day in dif-
ferent parts of the world.
International business will be
interrupted by holidays or
Sundays in 281 days in 1918, of
these 281 days being holidays.
This leaves only 84 days in
which universal banking busi-
ness is possible.
November, with 26 holidays in
different parts of the world,
leads the months.
March, with 19, has the few-
est holidays.
Brazil leads the nations of the
world with 84 holidays.
The United States comes next
with 54.

By GARRET SMITH.

W HILE man plays or prays the
world's business will be in-
terfered with on 281 days
during 1918. In other words
there will be only 84 days in this com-
ing year that are not Sundays or ap-
parent holidays in one or more impor-
tant commercial regions of the earth.
The growth of international finance
has made the world's aggregate of
closed days a serious factor and an
expensive one. Not until now, how-



New York City's Financial District
Decorated in Honor of a Foreign
War Mission.

ever has any attempt been made to
compile an exhaustive list of holidays
or the guidance of bankers and mer-
chants. This task has just been com-
pleted by the Guaranty Trust Com-
pany of New York City.

Contrary to the popular notion, the
few democracies of the west enjoy a
greater number of holidays than their
sister nations of the eastern hemi-
sphere. Of the 97 nations or depen-
dencies listed Brazil leads, with 84 hol-
idays. The United States, with 54, is
a close second, although she, unlike
Brazil, practically ignores the church
days. Another popular delusion is
shattered when we find that France
has only 18 formally observed days
and Italy only 24. We had supposed
the Latins always ought to be in this
particular. Among the other belliger-
ents Germany has 20 days, Great Brit-
ain 16, Japan 15 and Russia 17.

The United States has no national
holidays. Acts of Congress and Presi-
dential pronouncements in this respect
apply only to the District of Columbia
and the territories.

Among the favorite months of hol-
idays the world over November leads,
with 26 out of its possible 30 days.
May comes next, with 25 and an addi-
tional Sunday not otherwise celebrat-
ed, thus actually tying November in
the number of days closed to business.
March, on the other hand, is the long-
est all around business month, having
only 19 holidays.

New Year's Day is the only holiday
universally observed. But alas it falls
on 11 different dates in different parts
of the globe and some countries ob-
serve more than one of them.

Christmas Day, due to its religious
significance, is not so generally ob-
served as New Year's Day. It has,
moreover, only three different dates.

LOCAL MAN LOSES MACHINE

Councilman Alfred Graham lost a
\$1200 Buick automobile in the fire
which destroyed the Pritchard garage
at Philipsburg night before last.

Gossip for Tonight's Tea Table

Mrs. Flannigan, of Philadelphia
while here in the interests of the
Standard Pattern Co. is visiting her
sister Miss Oler head nurse of the
operating room at the Clearfield hos-
pital.

Mrs. A. L. Moore is spending a few
days in Washington, D. C. prepara-
tory to taking up her residence there
so that she may be with her husband
Lieutenant Moore who will be sta-
tioned there for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Pooley and Mrs.
Will Cadman returned to their home
in Osceola today having been here to
attend the funeral of Mrs. Thomas
Barrett.

The Hospital bridge club will meet
with Miss Ella Goodfellow at her
home on Second street Saturday af-
ternoon at two o'clock.

Thomas Barrett left today for his
home in Haworth, Pa., after being
here to attend the funeral of his aunt
Mrs. Thomas W. Barrett.

Mr. and Mrs. John Barrett and son
Bruce returned to their home in
Ridgway today.

Sam Powell left yesterday for a
business trip to Washington, D. C.

Dr. Stanley Barrett of Wilcox and
father-in-law J. C. Keating of Cler-
mont left today for their respective
homes after being here to attend the
funeral of Dr. Barrett's mother Mrs.
Thomas Barrett.

Frank Alexander of Reynoldsville,
transacted business here today.

James Sheridan of DuBois attended
the K. of C. dance and euchre in the
Dumpling last evening.

James Barrett left today for his
home in Benton, Pa.

Hugh A. Poole has returned to
Clearfield from the south where he
was in the restaurant and pool room
business and will not return there.
He is subject to draft as a Pennsylvan-
ian and will stay here until he is
called to active service.

Mrs. G. A. Stewart and daughters
Gretchen and Doris will leave tomor-
row evening for a weeks visit to her
home at Winburne. Her son Richard
will visit with his aunt Mrs. Barger
of Woodland during that time.

Ed Williams of Bigler was in town
on business yesterday.

Ellis McCracken of Madera, attend-
ed to business in town yesterday.

Mrs. Reuben McPherson has re-
turned from a visit with her brother
t Winburne.

Mrs. Martha James is ill at her
home on Leavy avenue.

Mrs. John James is ill at her home
on Leavy avenue.

Mrs. John James of Philipsburg is
spending the day with relatives here.
R. W. McCracken of Kerrmoor was
in town on business today.

Sergeant Clarence Rishel arrived
home today on furlough from Camp
Lee, Petersburg, Va., to visit his par-
ents Mr. and Mrs. Ashley Rishel.

Miss Estelle Beck is entertaining
her sewing club this evening at her
home on Witmer street.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Chase, Jr., ar-
rived home yesterday from a trip to
New York City.

Russell Howard of DuBois, trans-
acted business in town today.

Miss Grace Keenen of Winburne, is
spending a few days with friends in
town.

L. E. Bush of West Decatur, was
in town on business yesterday.

J. M. Baker of Woodland attended
to business in town yesterday.

Squire James Ruffner of Madera,
transacted business in town yester-
day.

A. K. Green returned to his home
in Coalport last evening after attend-
ing court here the past week.

Mrs. Charles Yost left on the after-
noon train for Baltimore, Md. to
visit her husband who is stationed at
Camp Meade with the quarter mas-
ter department.

C. F. Dutra of LaJone transacted
business in town yesterday.

Mrs. George Fullerton entertained
at dinner yesterday at her home on
West Front street.

D. W. Walker returned this morn-
ing from a trip to Glen Campbell and
Indiana.

Knights Saxophone orchestra will
play for a dance in Osceola this even-
ing.

M. W. Sargent of New York is in
town this week attending to business
in the interests of the Trojan Coal
Company.

Lillian Fulton, little daughter of O.
R. Fulton of Cherry street, enter-
tained seven little friends in honor
of her third birthday, yesterday Feb-
ruary 6.

Delicious refreshments were served
and all reported a good time.

ASTHMA

There is no "cure"
but relief is often
brought by—

VICK'S VAPORUB

Special Subscription Offer---The Designer for One year,

One copy of the *Spring Fashion Quarterly*
including a coupon good for any 15c Standard
Pattern, all for only

We have made arrangement with the Stand-
ard Fashion Co. of New York to renew their

75c

yearly subscription offer. They have sent Mrs.
Flannigan to Clearfield to take charge of this
work for one week. She will be glad to renew all
subscriptions about to expire and take orders for
new ones at the special offer price of 75c.

This offer is good for a short time only.

The Sale of White

Values That Prove Conclusively The White Goods
Value-Giving Supremacy of This Store

On every item in this event a substantial reduction has been made to
make it worth your while to BUY NOW. Plenty stocks still remain for
your selection. Special White Sale prices tell the wisdom of purchasing
now rather than later and in the most conclusive manner.



TO ADD SPECIAL INTEREST TO THIS EVENT WE
ANNOUNCE AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF
WAISTS AT \$1.00

We have put the above headline in large type. And
that is exactly what we wished to impress on your mind.
That the value is so big that under no circumstances should
you allow such an opportunity to slip out of your grasp.

OTHER NEW WHITE WAISTS FROM \$1.50 TO \$5.00

Dozens of pretty new styles of lawn, Madras, fancy
voiles, etc., in high and low necks. Some are trimmed with
dainty lace. Others in tailored ideas. All marked at
special prices for this sale.

"WONDERFUL" BEST DESCRIBES THE NEW MUS-
LIN UNDERWEAR DISPLAYS AND PRICES

Fine muslin and nainsook gowns es-
pecially priced from

Ladies' chemises from

Envelope combination suits priced
from

Dainty lingerie petticoats from

Extra size undermuslins from

Ladies' Marcella drawers from

All Philippine hand-made undermuslins greatly reduced.



Final Reduction On All Re- maining Suits at

\$10.00 and \$12.00

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

We will close out every suit in the store at these two prices. Think of buying suits
at these prices. All new styles in dressy and tailored models, warm, fashionable
materials including broadcloths, velours, gabardines, serges and mixtures.

Be Here Early For They Won't Last Long

A. W. LEONARDSON CO.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

A memorial service will be held at
the Messiah Advent church one mile
east of Kylertown, next Sunday even-
ing at 7 p. m., February 10th in
honor of the late deceased Michael
Brown, a life long member and one
of the founders of the church. These
services will be under the direction of
the pastor Rev. S. A. Farver.

Rudyard Kipling is probably the
best paid of all short story writers.
His price is five hundred dollars per
thousand words.

Spain's government officials are to
get a war bonus of a months salary.

Though the British soldier is known
the world over as "Tommy Atkins"
the name is seldom heard in the Brit-
ish Army itself.



CHICHESTER'S PILLS
FOR
BILIOUSNESS
AND
CONSTIPATION
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS